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Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"



Today's Weather

It will be normal summery weather, with northerly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Overnight, Daytime. Locations include Amman, Aqaba, Deserth, Jordan Valley.

Wednesday's high temperatures: Amman 34, Aqaba 41, Sunset Thursday: 6:29 p.m. Sunrise Friday: 4:55 a.m. Sunset Friday: 6:28 p.m. Sunrise Saturday: 4:55 a.m.

June 6, Number 1725

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY AUGUST 6-7, 1981 — SHAWWAL 6-7, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Accession anniversary celebration set for Tuesday

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — Acting prime minister, Mr. Anwar Odeh, today issued official communique announcing that next Tuesday, Aug. 11, will be a public holiday marking the 29th anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's accession to the throne. On the occasion, all government departments and institutions will be closed, announcement said.

Critics rap Sadat, gain as enemies of Palestinians

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — Higher Arab Committee Palestine (HAC) today sent a letter to U.S. President Jimmy Carter accusing him of being an enemy of the Palestinian people and working against the Arab interest. The HAC said it has no legitimate right to discuss subjects concerning the Palestinian people and their homeland. Discussion of this question constitutes an infringement on the rights of the Palestinian people and their territory, regarded as a violation of the principle of the right to self-determination, the cable said.

The HAC said that the Palestine Liberation Organisation is the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

His violate ceasefire

JT, Aug. 5 (R) — The Israeli military accused of violating the South Lebanon ceasefire by firing on a village in the area last night near the Mediterranean town of Tyre. The news agency Wafa said an Israeli gunboat had fired machine guns at UN observers near Rashidiyeh in Al Ain refugee camps. Helicopters had also been seen near South Lebanon military vehicles were moving into the towns of Marjayoun in the backed rightist enclave of Lebanon, Wafa said. It agreed to a ceasefire in Lebanon on July 24 after weeks of devastating Israeli naval and air strikes against Palestinian and civilian in Beirut and the south.

Iranian president's kids rescued

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (R) — Senior wife and eight children of Iranian President Ayatollah Khomeini were rescued from a rebel-held area in the southern province of Chaharmahal and Kohgiluyeh. The rebels, who had been in control of the area since the Iranian Revolution, were defeated by Iranian troops. U.S. State Department sources said the president's wife and children had been in the area since the late afternoon.

Iranian man killed

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (R) — A senior Iranian official was killed in Tehran today. The official, who was a member of the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps, was killed by a missile fired from a rebel-held area. The Iranian government said the official was a high-ranking member of the Revolutionary Guards. The killing was the result of a military operation in the city of Shiraz. The official was identified as a senior member of the Revolutionary Guards. The Iranian government said the official was a high-ranking member of the Revolutionary Guards. The killing was the result of a military operation in the city of Shiraz.



U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig (extreme right) escorts Egyptian President Anwar Sadat (extreme left) on Tuesday as the latter arrived in the U.S. for talks with President Ronald Reagan

Words of praise echo as Sadat meets Reagan

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — President Reagan and Egyptian Leader Anwar Sadat opened their first meeting today with pledges to continue Middle East peace negotiations launched in 1978 by former president Jimmy Carter at Camp David.

In White House ceremonies at the start of a two-day state visit, the two leaders exchanged warm words of praise, and promised to build on the relationship Mr. Sadat has had with three previous American presidents.

Reagan picks up Carter's trail

Mr. Reagan told the Egyptian leader: "Although the Americans have changed presidents, we have not altered our commitment to peace or our desire to continue building upon the achievements at Camp David."

He said Mr. Sadat's "maturity and moderation in the face of frustrations since Camp David" were "worthy of a man whom history undoubtedly will judge as one of the 20th century's most courageous peacemakers."

The Egyptian president replied that Mr. Reagan's leadership was inspired, his commitment inspiring and his record of achievement admirable.

Sadat: We need peace badly

President Sadat said the Israeli-Syrian tensions in Lebanon and Israel's recent raids into Beirut were "living evidence of the urgent need for a comprehensive peace in the Middle East. 'No other goal is more pressing or crucial,' he said. 'No other

PLO reveals identity of leader shot in Warsaw

WARSAW, Aug. 5 (R) — A Palestinian resistance movement leader claimed by Israel to have planned the attack in which 11 members of the Israeli Olympic team were killed in Munich in 1972. The leader, identified as Abu Daoud, was shot and seriously wounded in Warsaw.

A representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Abu Daoud, a leader of the powerful Fatah commando group, was gunned down in the coffee lounge of the city's top international hotel last Saturday.

He was hit by five bullets in his mouth, chest and intestines, and doctors said it would be more than a week before they could predict his chances of recovery.

PLO representative Fouad Mahmoud Yassin said there had been one assailant, whom he believed to be an Israeli agent.

News of the attack, the first of its kind in the Soviet Bloc, had been released earlier. But it had not been linked with a prominent Palestinian and it was only today that the story began to unfold.

Witnesses said Abu Daoud was alone when he was shot and a girl sitting some distance from his table was also wounded. They said he got up and staggered into the hotel lobby, leaving a trail of blood, before collapsing. The witnesses said the gunman walked out calmly and was picked up by a car outside the hotel. Abu Daoud, whose full name is Mohammad Daoud Oudeh, was

has devoted little thought until now to continuing the long-term peace efforts begun by his predecessor, Mr. Carter. One Egyptian official said Mr. Sadat was aware that "the administration is groping for its Middle East strategy. Our hope clearly is to have an input in the process."

But Mr. Sadat's call for a U.S. dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) seemed certain to be rebuffed. Secretary of State Alexander Haig said today the PLO had to recognize Israel for such a dialogue to begin.

Haig: No dialogue with PLO

Mr. Haig told a television interviewer the Sadat visit was the first step in forming the Reagan administration's Middle East policy.

"We are just entering a new phase," he said. After Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin visits here early next month, "the fundamental assessments of where we can go from here can be finalized," he said.

In an interview with the Washington Star published today, President Reagan said the United States would seek the support of moderate states such as Egypt and Saudi Arabia in its effort to revive momentum in the Middle East peace process.

He said Washington would seek to convince these countries "that we can be allied with them as we are with Israel, and that we're not biased for the part of one nation alone."

Crashed aircraft in Soviet Union officially identified as Argentine

MOSCOW, Aug. 5 (R) — Argentine diplomats have positively identified wreckage in Soviet Armenia as that of an Argentine cargo plane and confirmed that its four crewmen were killed, a spokesman from their embassy said here today.

The privately-owned four-engine aircraft crashed into a mountainside 50 kilometres from the Armenian capital of Yerevan on July 18.

The spokesman said Ambassador Leopoldo Bravo and two other diplomats had made the identification during a trip to the crash site near the Turkish border last Monday.

The official Soviet news agency TASS said in a report four days after the crash that the plane had entered Soviet air space from Iran and after carrying out "dangerous manoeuvres" struck a Soviet

Begin presents hardline cabinet.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Aug. 5 (R) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin today presented a new 17-man cabinet rated as the most hawkish in Israel's history and dedicated to imposing wholesale religious observance at home.

At a meeting of the recently elected Knesset (parliament), Mr. Begin said his coalition had a moral mandate to govern Israel for its full four-year term, despite the narrowness of his election victory five weeks ago.

As expected, Mr. Begin named as his new defence minister Ariel (Arik) Sharon, a former war hero renowned for the same ruthlessness in politics that won him fame on the battlefield.

The presence of Mr. Sharon and the absence of moderate centrist elements from the new cabinet convinced political analysts that the new cabinet is set for policies even more hardline than those of the previous Begin government.

The coalition agreement links Mr. Begin's Likud Bloc with three religious parties to secure a bare majority with 61 seats in the 120-member Knesset.

Of the 83 clauses in the coalition pact, 50 were dedicated to religious affairs, chiefly to measures compelling the overwhelmingly non-religious Israeli population to observe a more Jewish orthodox way of life.

They were the price of coalition support demanded by the ultra orthodox Agudat Israel Party which, while remaining aloof from government office and affairs of state in general, seeks to transform Israel into a more devoutly Jewish state.

The coalition provisions committed Mr. Begin to seeking new laws for stricter observance of the Jewish sabbath on Saturdays. These would limit work, stop flights by Israel's national airline El Al, close seaports, and commit investment in technology to have sabbath work done by machines.

In addition, the religious parties secured agreement for an increase in funds to religious institutions, a ban on sales of pork and rules that all conversions to Judaism be performed only by strict orthodox rites. This last move has angered the mostly non-orthodox Jewish communities of North America.

In Arab-Israeli affairs, the new government is expected to preserve its hard line in the Israeli-Egyptian-American talks on autonomy for Palestinians of the occupied West Bank. The minister responsible for the West Bank, Mr. Sharon, is expected to push ahead with mass Jewish settlement there.

In the new cabinet, eight ministers retained their old seats, five were re-shuffled and four were newcomers.

National Religious Party (NRP) leader Yosef Burg was given the religious affairs ministry to add to his old portfolios, the interior ministry and the ministry of police. Another NRP member, Zvulun Hammer, stayed on as education minister.

A compound portfolio embracing labour, welfare and immigrant absorption went to Aharon Abuhazzeira, the leader of Tami, an NRP offshoot.

As former religious affairs minister Mr. Abuhazzeira was earlier this year acquitted of misapplying government funds. Tomorrow he goes on trial accused of corruption while mayor

of the town of Ramle in the mid-1970s. In his speech to the Knesset, Mr. Begin mostly reiterated known positions on international affairs. He insisted that Israel's attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor on June 7, the bombing of Beirut on July 17 and the attack on Palestinian refugee camps in South Lebanon were legitimate acts of self-defence.

Brushing aside recent American criticism of Israel, Mr. Begin cited what he called positive aspects in Israeli-U.S. relations. These included President Reagan's refusal to describe Jewish settlement on Arab land as illegal and his description of Israel as an asset and ally.

Mr. Begin reiterated that Israel would like to sign a defence pact with the U.S. but that it was up to Washington to make the first move. He said he would like to see normalisation of relations with the Soviet Union, which severed diplomatic contacts with Israel in 1967.

Despite their narrow Knesset majority, Mr. Begin and his colleagues expressed confidence in a lengthy period of office. The absence of moderates in the coalition made it unlikely anyone would defect in protest at hardline policies.

Ministers staying in their old jobs included Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, Finance Minister Yoram Avidor, Justice Minister Moshe Nissim, Trade Minister Gideon Patt and Health Minister Eliezer Shostak.

Reagan starts firing air controllers

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — The Reagan administration today began firing air controllers as thousands of the striking government workers ignored an ultimatum by President Reagan to end the walkout they began on Monday.

The first batches of dismissal notices started going out minutes after the "work or be fired" deadline expired, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) said.

Affected by the firings were scores of controllers across the country who failed to turn up for their shifts. Similar notices were ready for controllers who stayed away from later shifts.

Defiantly chanting "strike, strike, strike" and singing traditional union songs, thousands of air controllers had ignored President Reagan's ultimatum.

Dismissal notices had been prepared by the government for mailing to strikers failing to report for duty by 1900 GMT, the first shift deadline. Similar notices were ready for later shifts, with the last deadline at 1100 GMT tomorrow.

Robert Poli, president of the Professional Air Traffic Controllers Organisation (PATCO) which struck on Monday for more pay and benefits, told reporters before the first deadline expired: "Our people are as strong as ever. I think they will remain out."

He said International Federation of Air Traffic Controllers had pledged support, and that British controllers would not handle U.S. aircraft if PATCO members were fired.

Few of the 13,000 estimated strikers appeared to have broken ranks. Flight operations continued at their reduced level of 8,000 a

day, compared to the normal 17,000, with supervisory and non-union personnel manning airport control towers.

Yarmouk University to have health school

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — Yarmouk University's Faculty of Medical Sciences plans to open a new department to be called the department of public health in the coming academic year 1981-1982, it was announced here today.

The announcement said that the department will have three main specialisations: Environmental science — which deals with general cleanliness and a clean environment; nutrition science and the science of epidemics, their causes, precautionary measures and maintaining statistics to determine their consequences.

According to the announcement, 75 students altogether will be accepted, 25 for each specialisation and in accordance with the university's general regulations.

They will be attending a four-year course at the end of which they will be awarded a B.A. degree in public health.

A six-member committee had finalised a plan for the new department's programmes and curriculum in continual meetings lasting more than two months. A member of the committee, Dr. Muwaffaq Haddadin, will speak about the new department, its programmes and the Jordanian society's needs of its various specialisations at a gathering to be held at the university's liaison's office in Amman tomorrow.

Mitterrand recalls Tehran envoy, asks French citizens to evacuate

PARIS, Aug. 5 (R) — President Francois Mitterrand today asked French citizens to leave Iran and recalled the French ambassador for consultations, a presidential communique said.

It said recent demonstrations in front of the French embassy in Tehran could lead to uncontrollable actions dangerous to French nationals.

The communique said a limited staff would remain at the Tehran embassy to handle affairs. (Teheran Radio, monitored in London, said French Ambassador Guy Georgy had been ordered to leave the country within three days. It quoted an Iranian foreign ministry spokesman as saying the decision was made because the French government had failed to comply with a demand for extradition of former president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr who fled to France last Wednesday.)

Mr. Bani-Sadr went to France aboard an Iranian air force Boeing 707. He had been in hiding in Tehran for six weeks after being stripped of his military command and the presidency.

Today's French presidential communique said: "The president has decided to ask our compatriots of return quickly to France and recalled the French ambassador for consultations."

The Iranian government's chief spokesman Behzad Nabavi said at a Tehran press conference on Monday that Iran had warned

France it would "react appropriately" if France became a "centre for counter-revolutionaries."

The French decision to grant Mr. Bani-Sadr political asylum was "an unfriendly act on the part of France," he said.

France's subsequent decision to deliver four naval gunboats ordered by Iran had no bearing on

bilateral relations, and Iran's future policy on France would be based on French actions, the spokesman said.

There have been demonstrations outside the French embassy in Tehran and a French consulate in the central city of Isfahan with protesters shouting "Death to Mitterrand" following Mr. Bani-Sadr's escape.

Reagan seems determined to sell AWACS to Saudi

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — President Reagan plans to go ahead with the sale of five sophisticated radar surveillance aircraft to Saudi Arabia despite widespread opposition, a spokesman for Senate Republican leader Howard Baker said today.

The spokesman said Mr. Reagan sent Sen. Baker a "Letter of Intent" yesterday saying his economic programme as well as safeguards being demanded of the Saudis have held up formal notification to Congress of the sale of the Airborne Warning and Control Systems (AWACS) aircraft.

In June, a majority of both the Senate and the House of Representatives urged Mr. Reagan to drop plans to sell the planes and equipment to improve the performance of F-15 fighters being used by Saudi Arabia.

The spokesman for Sen. Baker said it was expected the formal letter notifying Congress of the sale would be made in late September or October.

Congress will have 30 days to decide whether to vote on rejecting the sale, which would require a majority vote of both the House of Representatives and the Senate.

The spokesman for Sen. Baker said the U.S. wanted assurances from the Saudis on the use and the protection of the top secret equipment on the aircraft.

Secretary of State Alexander Haig, in a television interview today, said the administration was determined to proceed with the sale to help Saudi Arabia bolster its defence.

In messages to Arab chambers

Amman Chamber of Industry raps Israeli practices in occupied lands

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — The Amman Chamber of Industry has urged chambers of industry and commerce throughout the Arab World to support a memorandum sent by the Jordanian government to the director of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) office in Geneva.

In messages sent to these chambers, the Chamber of Industry called on their presidents to urge the ILO office to take immediate steps to put an end to Israel's arbitrary measures against Arab labourers in the occupied territories.

Population seminar planned for Sunday

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — The Amman Chamber of Industry is organising a seminar on working women and population problems in Jordan on Sunday.

The seminar will be conducted in cooperation with the Ministry of Labour, the International Labour Organisation (ILO) and the U.N. Fund for Population Activities. The seminar aims at promoting responsible population concepts among working women in Jordan, to understand the population situation following the 1979 general census and will investigate the role of working women in development.

International seminar set on Palestinian people's rights

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — The University of Jordan will take part in an international seminar organised by the U.N. committee on the Palestinian people's inalienable rights which will open in Colombo, Sri Lanka on Monday.

these rights, including the right to establish an independent state on their homeland, Palestine.

Wide-ranging seminar to discuss 5-year plan

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — An open forum to discuss the general framework and aims of the new five-year economic plan (1981-1985) will open at the Amman Chamber of Industry on Monday.

Taking part in the seminar, which will continue on Wednesday and Thursday, will be members of the ministerial development committee, the board of the National Planning Council, heads of National Consultative Council committees and representatives of Jordanian universities, trade unions, chambers of industry and commerce, representatives of the private business sector and concerned government departments.

The participants will discuss subjects connected with agriculture, water, irrigation, mining, industry, tourism, antiquities, energy and electricity, trade and supply, transport and communications, information and sports affairs, education, health, social development, human resources, housing, government building, municipal and rural affairs, awaf, statistics, science and technology and cooperatives covered in the five-year plan.

The aim of the seminar is to finalise a general plan to be implemented as of the start of 1982.

New idea for afforestation 2 murderers executed

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — The Ministry of Agriculture has prepared a comprehensive afforestation project, the first of its type in Jordan, according to Agriculture Under-Secretary Saleem Al Lawzi.

He said that private and public institutions will be allotted tracts of land to be planted with trees. The planted areas will be named after the respective institutions, and will be transformed into parks for their use, provided they continue to look after and maintain them.

AMMAN, Aug. 1 (Petra) — Two convicted murderers were executed at the reformatory and rehabilitation centre in Amman yesterday.

The two were identified only as Rajeh A. Sh., aged 35, and Mohammad L. Gh., aged 20. The criminal court had found the first guilty of murdering Musa Balush, a Pakistani national, at Mt'in hot springs on Aug. 8, 1980, and sentenced him to death by hanging.

Mohammad L. Gh. was said to have hired his victim's car the H-4 desert region, and when it reached Al Rishbe district, to have stabbed the driver several times with a switchblade knife until he died. He later got rid of the body by throwing it by the side of the road, and escaped in the car, only to be arrested on the same day.

Got something on your mind? Let the Jordan Times hear about it!

Postal university application process gets under way

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (J.T.) — Post offices around the country today began accepting applications for enrolment at Jordan's two universities.

The arrangement, which involves filling application forms provided by the post offices, will last until Aug. 18. The Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Communications Fares Al Sarayreh said.

Mr. Sarayreh, who today inspected post offices in Amman handling the applications, said that post offices charge 130 fils postage for each envelope containing the application forms; and each student will have to pay a registration fee of JD 2 in the form of a postal order.

Altogether, 5,800 students will be accepted by the University of Jordan and Yarmouk university for the coming academic year.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Shammout meets Iraqi aide

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — Secretary General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs Amer Shammout today met with the under-secretary of the Iraqi ministry of foreign affairs, Mr. Abdul Malik Yassin. During the meeting, they discussed Iraqi-Jordanian relations.

War declared on roaches

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (J.T.) — The Department for the combat of insects and rodents at Amman Municipality has launched an intensive campaign to destroy cockroaches. Dr. Adnan Abdul Majid has said that this campaign, which began yesterday morning in Jabal Al Hussein, will cover all the city's houses, and that teams from the department will place insecticides in strategic spots to eradicate the insects.

Scouts off to Athens

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (Petra) — A 20-member delegation of boy scouts today left for Athens to take part in an international jamboree. The Ministry of Education's acting secretary general, Mr. Yousef Al Aqour, met with the delegation before its departure, and urged its members to benefit from the experience of the jamboree and, at the same time, to show the developments which Jordan has achieved.

Jabal Al Hashimi park planned

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (J.T.) — The director of the Research Department at Amman Municipality, Engineer Ghassan Ghanim, has said that after a study conducted by his department concluded that the area of Jabal Al Hashimi Al Janubi seriously lacks recreational and cultural services, the municipality has bought 50 dunams to establish a public park to serve the area's inhabitants and children in particular. Mr. Ghanim said the tender for the project will be announced in the next two months.

Azraq stock broiler farm

TENDER POSTPONEMENT

The Arab Company for Livestock Development announces the postponement of opening the tender documents for the Grand parent stock broiler farm at Azraq until 2:30 p.m.

Damascus local time on Wednesday, Sept. 30.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

\* An exhibition of photos submitted in a competition entitled "Inside the Cities of Jordan", at the Holiday Inn Ballroom, in Amman. Thursday is the last day.

\* Paintings of Orientalists and contemporary artists from Islamic countries, from the Jordan National Gallery's permanent collection, will be on display at the gallery in Jabal Luweibdeh.

\* An exhibition of photographs to promote friendship among peoples, at the Soviet Cultural Centre, near Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

CHANNEL 3
4:30 Koran
4:45 Cartoon
5:05 Children's programme
5:30 Children's film
7:00 Programme preview
7:25 Local programme
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Arabic series
9:30 Wrestling
10:15 Arabic film
11:00 News in Arabic
11:15 Cont. of the film

14:30 Morecombe and wise show
15:00 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Melody Time
17:30 Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:03 Jordan in History
18:30 Theatre 45
19:00 News Desk
19:30 Music
20:30 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:03 Evening Show
22:00 Close down

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 6
6:00 French Programme
7:00 News in French
7:30 News in Hebrew
8:30 Comedy
9:10 Hagen
9:10 News in English
10:15 Movie of the Week

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:03 Pop Session
11:00 Listeners' Choice
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Friday Special
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News
14:10 Instrumentals
14:30 In Concert
15:00 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:30 Top Twenty
19:00 News Desk
19:30 World of Arabian Music
20:00 Andalusia
20:30 Special Feature
21:00 Jazz Hour
22:00 Close down

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3
10:00 Koran
10:20 Children's programme
11:00 Religious programme
12:30 Local programme
14:15 Soccer
16:00 Local programme
17:20 Arabic series
18:20 Local programme
19:00 Programme preview
19:15 Local programme
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Arabic series
21:30 Local programme
22:00 Arabic series
23:00 News in Arabic
23:30 Arabic songs

BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY
639, 720, 1413 KHz
GMT
03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: American, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA. (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM FOR THURSDAY

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:03 Pop Session
11:00 Signing off
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News
14:10 Instrumentals

BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: American, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA. (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

13:45 The Pleasure's Yours 14:30 Cricket 14:45 Network U.K. 15:00 Radio Newswel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Assignment 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:09 Meridian 17:40 Waveguide 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newswel 18:30 Promenade Concert. 19:00 Outlook: News Summary; Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Report on Religion 20:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Ulster Newsletter 21:20 In the Meantime 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice 22:30 Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Merchant Navy 23:30 Meridian

SELECTED CHANGES FOR FRIDAY

04:30 Letter from London 5:30 Of Kings and Men 06:30 Masters of Interpretation 07:45 Merchant Navy Programme 08:15 The Maid of the Mill 08:30 Lord Peter Wimsey: The Nine Tailors 09:30 Assignment 11:25 Ulster News Letter 12:15 Jazz for the Asking 14:15 Key Figures 16:15 Science in Action 17:09 My Music 17:40 The Week in Wales 18:30 Brain of Britain 19:11 Time Off 21:45 Letter from London 23:15 From the Weeklies 23:30 The Adventures of Harry Richmond

VOICE OF AMERICA FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: American, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA. (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

9:20 Damascus
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Kuwait
9:45 Muscat, Dubai
9:50 Doha, Bahrain
9:55 Beirut
10:00 Dhahran
10:05 Abu Dhabi
11:05 Riyadh (SV)
11:40 Cairo (EA)
11:45 Rawalpindi (BA)
12:35 Larnaca
13:35 Kuwait (KAC)
16:30 Amsterdam (KLM)
16:30 Cairo
17:00 Aqaba
17:15 Chicago, N. York, Vienna
17:25 London (BA)
17:30 Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM)
17:55 Cairo
18:30 Rome
19:10 Cairo (EA)
20:00 Beirut (MEA)
23:40 Cairo (EA)
23:55 Baghdad
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES

3:30 Cairo
5:45 Frankfurt (LH)
6:00 Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)
7:00 Aqaba
7:00 Damascus
7:15 Beirut
8:55 Cairo (EA)
9:00 Rome (Alitalia)
9:25 Beirut (MEA)
9:45 Paris (AF)
10:10 Rome
10:30 Larnaca
11:00 Vienna, N. York, Chicago
11:15 Athens, Madrid
11:20 Tripoli, Tunis
11:30 Cairo
11:35 Paris (AF)
11:45 Geneva, Brussels
12:00 London
12:05 Riyadh (SV)
12:20 Frankfurt
12:30 Geneva, Zurich (SR)
12:30 Paris
12:40 Cairo (EA)
12:45 London (BA)
13:00 Cairo
15:00 Aqaba
16:30 Kuwait (KAC)
18:00 Baghdad (IA)
19:20 Dhahran
19:00 Kuwait
19:45 Baghdad
20:00 Cairo
20:15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
20:30 Cairo (EA)
01:00 Cairo

FOR FRIDAY

7:55 Cairo (EA)
8:30 Jeddah
8:55 Aqaba
9:15 Kuwait
9:20 Beirut
9:30 Dubai, Abu Dhabi
9:40 Dhahran
15:25 Tripoli, Benghazi
15:35 Jeddah, Medina
16:50 Cairo

17:10 Madrid, Athens
17:15 New York, Amsterdam
17:30 Paris
17:30 Kuwait
17:45 Cairo
18:00 London
19:00 Cairo
19:35 Zurich, Athens (SR)
19:55 Frankfurt
20:00 Beirut (MEA)
20:00 Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)
21:30 Damascus
23:00 Cairo (EA)
24:00 Baghdad
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES

7:00 Beirut
7:00 Aqaba
8:30 Beirut, Athens
8:55 Amsterdam
9:00 Cairo (EA)
9:25 Beirut (MEA)
10:00 Frankfurt
11:00 Cairo
11:00 Vienna, N. York, Houston
11:15 Copenhagen, Athens
12:30 Cairo
14:00 Cairo
16:30 Benghazi, Tripoli
18:30 Kuwait
19:15 Damascus
19:30 Kuwait
20:00 Baghdad
20:00 Cairo
20:35 Abu Dhabi
21:35 Dubai, Karachi
21:45 Dhahran
24:25 Cairo (EA)

EMERGENCIES FOR THURSDAY

DOCTORS:
Amman:
Yusif Samour 25648/63254
Abdolziz Al Jamal 353/36194
Zarqa:
Hisham Huissat 82440
Irbid:
Ali Al Omari 72832/73914
PHARMACIES:
Amman:
Al Salam (-)
Al Kailani (-)
Al Razi 77712
Al Sabagh 23157
Zarqa:
Abu Starik (-)

FOR FRIDAY

7:55 Cairo (EA)
8:30 Jeddah
8:55 Aqaba
9:15 Kuwait
9:20 Beirut
9:30 Dubai, Abu Dhabi
9:40 Dhahran
15:25 Tripoli, Benghazi
15:35 Jeddah, Medina
16:50 Cairo

Ramzi Mazawi 94788
Joseph Imsieh 55638/62390
Zarqa:
Muneer Al Akeel 83744/83992
Irbid:
Anwar Al-Shouboul 26247/2680
PHARMACIES:
Amman:
Nairoukh 23672
Al Salam 36730
Al Udaina 31320
Ibn Sina 25403
Basman 23784
Zarqa:
Al Hadeetha (-)
Irbid:
Ibn Sina (-)
Tubashat (-)
Ajloun (-)
TAXIS:
Amman:
42201
Al Rainbow 37249
Al Rashied 22023
Al Jannah 61001
Al Sahara 21200
Jerico 73106

DEPARTURES

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9:40 Dhahran
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15:35 Jeddah, Medina
16:50 Cairo

every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1.30 p.m.

PRAYER TIMES FOR THURSDAY

Fajr 3:11
Sunrise 4:52
Dhuhr 11:45
'Asr 3:26
Maghreb 6:38
'Isa 8:02

FOR FRIDAY

Fajr 3:11
Sunrise 4:52
Dhuhr 11:45
'Asr 3:26
Maghreb 6:38
'Isa 8:02

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

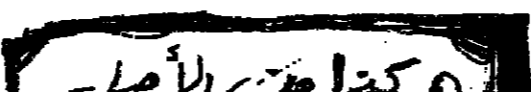
Ambulance (government) 75111
Civil Defence rescue 61131
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police headquarters 39141
Najdsh towing patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television 73111
Radio Jordan 74111
Firstaid, fire, police 100
Fire headquarters 22000
Cablegram or telegram 18
Telephone:
Information 12
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls 10
Overseas radio and satellite calls 17
Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 40
Eggplant 20
Potatoes (imported) 100
Marrow (small) 120
Marrow (large) 90
Cucumber (small) 90
Cucumber (large) 50
Faggous 60
Peas 110
Okra (Green) 110
Okra (Red) 80
Maloukhiyah 50
Hot Green Pepper 120
Cabbage 100
Onions (dry) 120
Garlic 400
Carrots 130
Potatoes (local) 120
Grape leaves 260
Bananas 260
Apples (African, Japanese) 410
Apples (American, Chilean, Red) 430
Apples (American, Chilean, Green) 390
Pumpkins (Yellow) 250
Apples (Starken) 200
Melons 120
Water Melons 70
Pumpkins (Red) 150
Pumpkins (Yellow) 170
Apricots 150
Cherries 300
Lemons 400
Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) 120
Oranges (Waxed) 170
Grapefruit 160

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Saudi riyal 98.699
Lebanese pound 75.476
Syrian pound 56.157
Iraqi dinar 72573
Kuwaiti dinar 1186.6715
Egyptian pound 391.3/395
Qatari riyal 92.993
UAE dirham 92.292
Omani riyal 973.698
U.S. dollar 341/34
U.K. sterling 617.2/620
W. German mark 136.1/136
Swiss franc 156.6/157
Italian lire (for every 100) 27.427
French franc 57.357
Dutch guilder 122.6/123
Swedish crown 64.264
Belgium franc 83.283
Japanese yen (for every 100) 140.4/141



By Mohammad Ayish  
Special to the Jordan Times

# Bringing the wildlife of Jordan back home

AMMAN — When some of Jordan's rare and precious animals are thought to disappear from the country some 60 years ago, some people thought such species as the Arabian Oryx would never see their natural habitat in Jordan again. But that assumption has proved to be unfounded, thanks to the efforts of the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature (RSCN) to revive Jordan's natural wealth and safeguard it for the future.

The RSCN, established in 1966 in Amman, works to conserve all forms of nature, including aquatic life and wild plants, in cooperation with the government as well as other international concerned parties. It also works at safeguarding the environment and staving off the danger of pollution, as well as aiding wildlife by all possible means.

The society also works to introduce new species of animals and plants that can cope with the climate and nature of the country. It works towards the establishment of national parks to be used for scientific, touristic and educational purposes.

While the RSCN continues to work towards those goals, it has already gone a long way in planning and establishing national reserves. "We have completed a study on national reserves according to which 12 reserves have been

recommended, and we hope the recommendation will be accepted during this year so that the necessary land can be allocated," said Mr. Anis Mouashir, chairman of the RSCN's board of directors. He added that three national reserves have been approved and implemented. They are the Azraq aquatic reserve, the Shoumari wildlife reserve and the Azraq wildlife reserve.

The proposed national reserves are:

1. Bourqo Wildlife Reserve; 2. Zoubia Wildlife Reserve; 3. Wadi Rajel Wildlife Reserve; 4. Al Azraq aquatic life Reserve; 5. Shoumari Wildlife Reserve; 6. Al Moujab Wildlife Reserve; 7. Abu Rokbeh Wildlife Reserve; 8. Bayer Wildlife Reserve; 9. Dhaneh Wildlife Reserve; 10. Harbeh Wildlife Reserve; 11. Jabal Massadeh Wildlife Reserve; and 12. Rum Wildlife Reserve.

The major item on this list is the Shoumari Wildlife Reserve, where several animals that had

## The Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature has been working since 1966 to repopulate Jordan with wildlife that has disappeared -- and to preserve what the country still has

been endangered have been rebred successfully, such as the Arabian Oryx. The Oryx used to live wild in the Jordanian desert 70 years ago, but with the danger of its complete disappearance, the

animals were collected and sent to the United States where they were rebred, according to an RSCN official.

In 1978, the Shoumari reserve received four male oryx from the Oklahoma City Zoo. In 1979, a four-member female group came to the same reserve. The total number of oryx in the reserve has risen to 18 since then, out of a world population of 190.

Ostriches have also been an important element of wildlife in Jordan. In 1978, Jordan received two ostriches, and in the next year it received another group from the United States. RSCN officials said the society is working to obtain more blue-necked ostriches from Somalia, to be added to the present ones.

The Shoumari Wildlife Reserve now covers 22 square kilometres, but it will be expanded to occupy 600 square kilometres in the future, when its name will be changed to Al Azraq Desert Wildlife Reserve. The aquatic life reserve at Azraq occupies an area of 12 square kilometres.

Another major activity of the RSCN is the regulation of hunting in Jordan. Mr. Mouashir said that every Jordanian citizen is eligible to get a hunting license from the RSCN, provided that he has a licensed gun and his age is over 18.

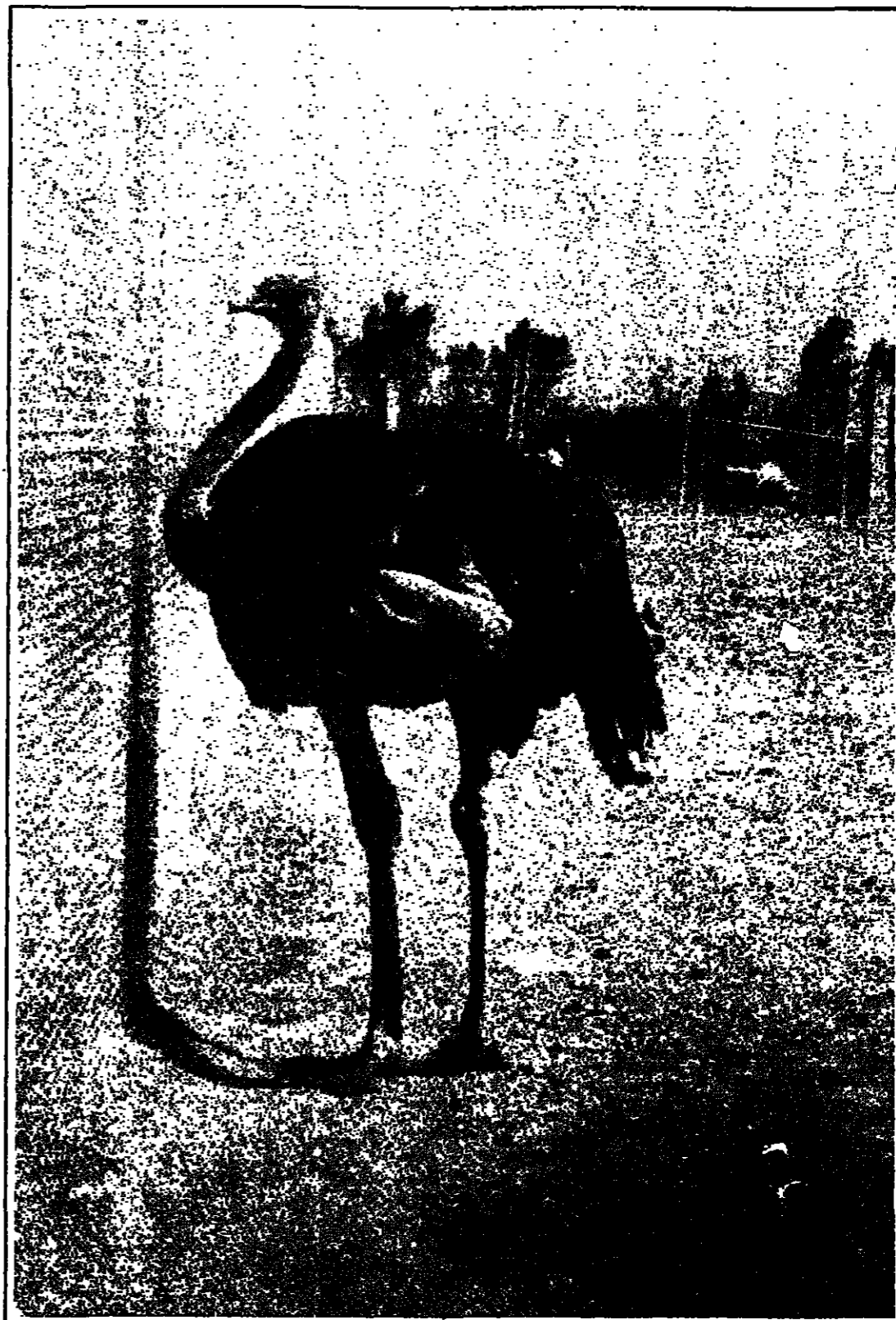
He said the RSCN announces every year what birds and animals may be hunted, and which must be spared, by hunters. "We do not allow hunters to shoot local birds, but some migrating birds are not protected from shooting since they are not covered by any international law," he said.

The RSCN is undertaking the regulation of hunting in Jordan under the authority of the Ministry of Agriculture. In 1978, hunting was strictly prohibited in Jordan, in a bid to allow birds and wild animals to be rebred. The ban was implemented by a group of employees with specially equipped cars touring the hunting area, and at the same time "deepening trust between the RSCN and hunters," according to an RSCN official.

Besides its concern with wild land animals the RSCN has also made several achievements in protecting aquatic life. The society has a subcommittee in Aqaba to protect marine life there, and control pollution in the area. "The committee comprises representatives from both universities, the Aqaba port authority and the armed forces, and it has been very active," Mr. Mouashir said. Meanwhile, an underwater photography team has finished a photo study of Aqaba's coral beaches.

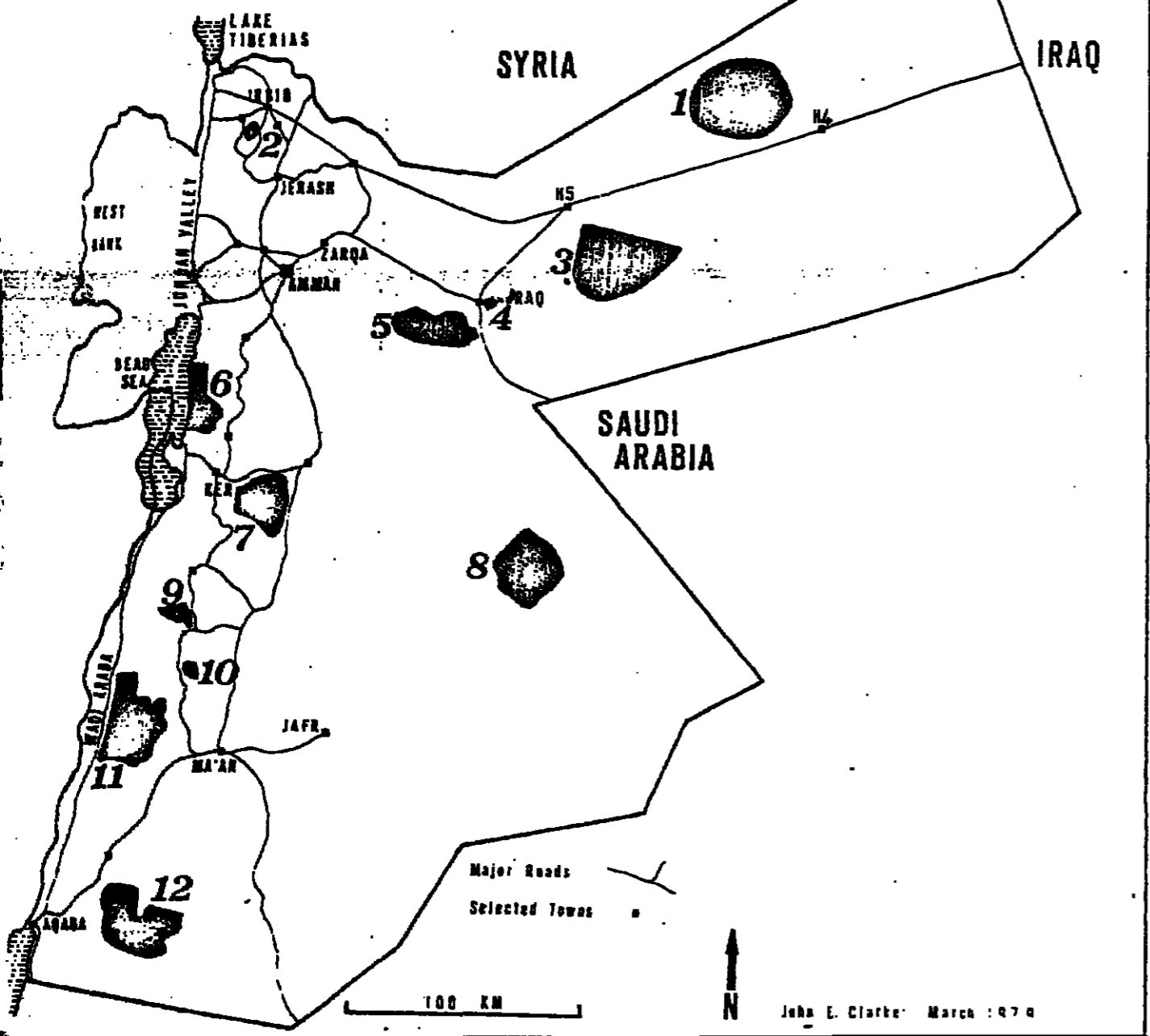
The society's main aim is "to protect living species, as we strongly believe that nobody has the right to allow any species to be exterminated," Mr. Mouashir said. He added that any species should be protected, for the benefit of future generations.

In order to promote its goals, the RSCN has employed the mass media to educate the public about



Ostriches have returned to Jordan via the United States

### JORDAN LOCATIONS OF PROPOSED WILDLIFE RESERVES



John E. Clarke, March 1978

conservation. "Jordan is the first Arab country where conservation of nature has been well-spread among the people," Mr. Mouashir said. He also said that Jordan is the first Arab country to have a strategy for conserving nature, which it shares with 33 other countries.

Mr. Mouashir said that there is cooperation between the RSCN and the Department of Environment at the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment. As part of its educational efforts, the RSCN is preparing several booklets about the conservation of nature and future reserves in the Arab World.

The RSCN also has international connections in the field. It has worked with the Arab League Environment Conservation Organisation to prepare several booklets about conservation of nature in the Arab World, and has received technical and financial aid from the World Wildlife Fund (WWF). The fund collects endangered animals, breeds them and then redistributes them to the countries from which they came.

The WWF distributed oryx to the countries that used to have that animal, and Jordan received its four males and four females through it.

#### Telecommunications corporation The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan Invitation to tender No. TCC 1/81 on Mobile Telephone Service Project for the Greater Amman Area.

- A. The Telecommunications Corporation of Jordan invites the submission of tender for the provision of a mobile Telephone System for the Greater Amman Area (on turn key basis) in accordance with the tender documents.
- B. The tender documents consist of 2 volumes as follows:-  
Volume 1: General Conditions of tender and contract  
Volume 2: Technical specifications and scope of work.
- C. Agents can obtain the tender documents from the Telecommunications Corporation Headquarters in Amman for a price of J.D. 160 (not reimburseable) at the following address:-  
Secretary of Tender Committee  
Telecommunications Corporation  
Jabal Amman / Third Circle  
P.O. Box 1689 - Telex 21221  
Cable Jortel Amman  
Amman - Jordan
- D. The latest date for the submission of offers to the Telecommunications Corporation Headquarters in Amman is 11.00 hours Wednesday 4th November, 1981.
- E. Tender proposals should be submitted in three copies, each in closed envelope, sealed with the red wax, and its covers labeled with the words "Tender No. TCC 1/81 on mobile Telephone System for the Greater Amman Area" each should be clearly marked original, first copy, 2nd copy.
- F. All tenderers will be required to submit Bid Bond in the amount of five percent (5%) of tender price with the proposal (original copy).
- G. Any subsequent amendments will automatically be forwarded to purchasers of tender documents.

Eng. Mohammed Shahid Ismail  
Director General



collected at the Shoumari Wildlife Reserve



Anis Mouashir



From Al Majalla

### Yes, boss

PRESIDENT SADAT of Egypt is going to find out during his trip to Washington this week that the power structure in the United States plays with its subservient friends like a well-fed cat plays with mice. Mr. Sadat has gone along with Washington's Mideast script to the letter. He has made a separate peace with Israel and therefore removed Egypt's formidable resources from the Arab camp. He has accepted the Kissingerian principle of making believe the Palestinians don't exist, and has even refined it by wrapping his neglect of the Palestinians in the soothing, make-believe verbiage of the Camp David accords. He has offered his country as a base for American confrontation with the Soviet Union, and has agreed to play the role of the American proxy in Africa and the Middle East. He has placed his country's economic situation in the hands of the generosity of American aid donors. And he will spend a few days in Washington this week learning that despite all this, he is taken for granted by the American establishment as a Good Arab who will dance every time the Americans play their tune.

President Reagan and almost everyone else in Washington will politely tell Mr. Sadat to go jump in a lake when he suggests that an American-PLO dialogue would be a sensible first step towards a true Middle East peace settlement. Mr. Sadat will feel he has done his bit by asking for a new American policy towards the Palestinians, and Washington will confirm the captivity of Mr. Sadat in the back pocket of NATO and western capitalist interests in general. Mr. Sadat, like Rochester the servant in the old Jack Benny television shows of the 1950s, will draw some applause, and go down in history as an essentially tragic figure who substituted servility for self-respect.

## RED & BLACK

### The lost island of advice

By Jawad Ahmad

HE GOT HIS Ph.D. in economics with flying colours. His professors described his dissertation as a masterpiece in arts and a testimonial to his rare abilities.

Mr. J.A., sorry Dr. J.A., was jubilant, thrilled intoxicated and sure that he had ultimately reached the perfection which he had always wanted.

Being patriotic, by nature and breeding, he dreamt of the changes he would induce in Jordan, of the projects he would implement and of the computer-led organisation he would set up.

At the end of the welcoming celebrations and lengthy smoochy congratulations upon his return, he was appointed as an economic adviser in a certain department. Day in and day out, he squeezed memos, reports, lectures and papers out of his dissertation. The novelty of his ideas caught some attention and occasional reference by his friends. Yet, he was dismayed and dissatisfied by the lack of response on the part of his superiors. His boss would write on his memos and revolutionary propositions

the word "witnessed" and a scratchy alphabetical signal. No comments or queries or orders of follow-up or amendments were added. This went on until he was dead sure that his boss never read what he, J.A., ever wrote.

For oft when in a vacant mood, he would try to explain why his boss was giving him the cold shoulder. Vanity told him that his boss was envious and afraid that J.A. would take his position. A touch of sanity would cause J.A. to discard such thoughts and to become self-critical. Pessimism had taught him that his ideas were not up to the required standards and he should do a great deal of thinking before he could hit that gold mine. Realism, however, had told him to go and discuss it with his own boss.

"Well of course I read everything you wrote, J.A. But what did you expect me to do with your reports?" J.A. hesitated to venture an answer that would offend his boss and said: "I expected to get response, any response, either something that would encourage me to go

on or a sign to stop." The boss lifted his eyebrows and nothing else and said: "Go on, my son, ... keep trying."

This fictitious story is not far from the truth. Economic advisers have not been properly utilised or used. The job of "economic adviser" is still a vague term which needs proper definition and description. They are needed because economics is a craft for which many people are claiming credit.

The latest cholera event has demonstrated beyond doubt that anybody can be an economist with deep views on what should and should not be done. This is truly hilarious. Economists with realist touch have long abandoned the notion of economic counselling unless it gives them money or a prestigious executive position, particularly within the government hierarchy. Otherwise, their Ph.D.s become an unnecessary investment.

Counselling, if properly done, becomes of great use. Otherwise, it is a sheer exercise in futility.

## U.S. Democrats in disarray

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON — President Reagan's victories on his tax and spending programmes have left prominent Democrats and press commentators wondering why the party was unable to provide a coherent alternative to the economic conservatism of the White House.

Rather than present a strong opposition to Mr. Reagan's dramatic cuts in social welfare and taxes, the Democrats offered a watered-down version of what the president himself said was needed to deal with decades of inflationary government spending and burdensome taxes.

The Democrats' performance, which has raised questions about the party's future, conflicted with their traditional role as defender of the poor and middle classes against the business interests represented by the Republicans.

According to these traditional concepts, the Democrats would have been expected to attack Mr. Reagan's three-year tax cut proposal as a gateway to big business, wealthy speculators and the oil industry.

Instead the Democrats tried to defeat the president's package by outbidding the Republicans in tax breaks for business.

Although the Democratic plan gave slightly larger tax breaks to those with moderate incomes, it also included a \$400 million tax break for commodity speculators, a major reduction in the estate tax, a tax exclusion of over \$75,000 for income earned abroad and similar provisions.

The Democrats were hoping to lure back the conservative members of their own party, mainly representatives of oil and south-

ern agricultural states, who were threatening to desert the party to vote for Mr. Reagan's package. The strategy failed.

Last week Mr. Reagan won the votes of 48 of the Democrats who dominate the House of Representatives to pass the biggest tax cut in American history, leaving the Democratic leadership in disarray.

Three-quarters of the Democratic members in the Republican-dominated Senate backed the president's tax plan.

Later the house voted for his budget cuts and a joint congressional committee produced the final version of the bill cutting income taxes by 25 per cent over three years.

Before the budget vote, house Democrats urged that reductions in health care to the poor and other social programmes be less

severe than Mr. Reagan wished. But their package gave him cuts of roughly the amount he requested.

These cuts of over \$35 billion in the 1982 fiscal year are the biggest slash in social programmes in American history.

The liberal New Republic magazine said that "in the face of conservative ideological revival, the Democratic Party has collapsed, not just politically but morally".

While not going so far, prominent Democrats concede their party is in disarray following an election last November in which conservative Republicans captured the White House, the Senate, over half the contested state governorships and 200 seats in state legislatures.

With the defection of conservative Democrats, Republicans have won de facto control of the

nominal Democratic house on key economic issues.

These Democratic defectors have been given the nickname of "Boll Weevils" because they come mainly from the South where the dreaded weevil can destroy a cotton crop.

Senator Daniel Moynihan, a New York Democrat, says many members of his party fear the Republican tide but feel they must float with it.

He says the population shift to the conservative "Sun Belt" of southern and western states away from the politically liberal industrial North is eroding the Democrats' traditional base of support.

Senator Moynihan agrees with Democrats to his left like Mr. Gary Hart of Colorado and with moderates like Arkansas' Dale Bumpers that the party appears to have run out of ideas and is sad-

died with the tradition, stemming from the depression era presidency of Franklin Roosevelt, of creating costly federal bureaucracies to deal with social problems.

"The Republicans have become the party of ideas," says Mr. Moynihan. Citing Mr. Reagan's philosophy of supply-side economics, the theory that tax cuts stimulate the economy and produce more tax revenue in the long run.

Mr. Bumpers says some Democrats fear Mr. Reagan's approach might prove right, but adds that many economists think reducing tax revenues will simply increase spending deficits and hence inflation.

If that proves to be the case, the Democrats may be thankful

Reuter

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I: Doubtless the reviving of the autonomy talks stemming from the two Camp David agreements will be among the major topics to be discussed between Presidents Anwar Sadat and Mr. Roland Reagan during their meetings today and tomorrow in Washington. This impression is affirmed to us by the statement which the U.S. Secretary of State made yesterday.

It is known that the autonomy plan is rejected by the Arabs for several reasons, most important of which is that it ignores the rights of the Palestinian people to self-determination and including their right to establish their independent state on their soil.

Discussing this topic as a main topic in the talks between Presidents Sadat and Reagan raises the following several questions:

— What is the use or the achievements which might be accomplished from reviving talks which are unacceptable by the Palestinians—the main party concerned with the cause—and by all the Arabs?

— What is the significance of reviving these talks at the time when Mr. Begin announces that Israel will not accept any Arab sovereignty on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip?

— Is the Israeli measure depriving the West Bank municipalities from financial Arab aid connected with reviving these talks, since this is the most effective pressure tactic Israel is exercising against the steadfast kinsmen who are rejecting the autonomy plan?

All these matters, in addition to the American involvement supporting Israel without limits, suggest that the Israeli strategy represented in expansion and the devouring of the occupied Arab areas continues to be implemented according to plan and that Washington is putting its weight in this direction and riding the dead horse represented in the Camp David process.

We wish the Washington would realize that this dead horse can not tempt anyone and can not undermine the Palestinian steadfastness. We wish that Washington would also realize that entering into a direct dialogue with the PLO is what it should accept as an alternative to the autonomy talks which are taking place behind the backs of the Palestinians and are dealing with a plan that is rejected in part and parcel by all the Arabs.

AL DUSTOUR: In order for the Arabs to stop deceiving themselves with false hopes and misleading reassurances, which might come to them from Washington or other world capitals, they should try to understand the serious dimensions of the return of Menachem Begin to power at the head of a government of Zionist hardliners and fanatics obsessed by the ancient Torah dreams, and who are acting recklessly and with malice to achieve the dreams of Israeli expansion and domination over everything that they regard as the "Land of Israel."

Perhaps what might enhance the seriousness of the situation in the area is that the formation of the Israeli government in the way it was announced means that Israel will go ahead in implementing all its designs to annex the occupied Arab areas to the Zionist entity for good, to evacuate them from their Arab residents and to create a political and demographic fait accompli which can secure Israel's absolute domination over the Palestinian lands.

Nor do we need to emphasise that Menachem Begin will deal with the Arabs in a much stiffer way, particularly with the Palestinians—whether inside the occupied areas or in southern Lebanon. We cannot exclude the fact that during his new term, Mr. Begin might unleash a new war on the Palestinians in southern Lebanon or against other Arabs.

This means that Israel will not withdraw from the occupied Arab areas or recognise the rights of the Palestinian people and their existence, and Jerusalem will remain under the Zionist domination. Israel will also go ahead with its plans to construct more settlements and to apply the autonomy as it sees fit.

This dangerous trend of the Begin government means that Israel is creating the proper climate for a destructive war in the Middle East which no one can predict how much destruction it would cause to the area and perhaps to the whole world.

## Upsetting NATO for a Nordic nuclear weapon-free zone

The US and other NATO members are becoming uneasy at the growing demands in Scandinavian countries to keep out nuclear weapons permanently.

By William Dulforce

STOCKHOLM: Growing public support within Norway and Denmark for the creation of a Nordic nuclear weapon-free zone to include also Sweden and Finland — is causing political problems on NATO's northern flank.

The Reagan administration in the U.S. is alarmed about what it regards as a revival of neutralism and pacifism on a Nato strategic front and the situation is being exploited skilfully by the Soviet Union.

Norway and Denmark are full members of NATO and the minority Labour governments in both countries are having trouble reconciling pressures from their allies with the domestic sentiments in favour of disarmament which have developed strongly within their own parties in recent months.

In one sense, a Nordic nuclear weapon-free zone already exists in that Norway and Denmark refuse to allow foreign military bases or nuclear weapons on their territories during peacetime and neither produces nuclear weapons on its own.

However, the option of introducing nuclear weapons under war conditions remains and has been seen by NATO as part of the deterrent to any Soviet attack on its northern flank. A major U.S. objection to the zone plan is that it would mean abandoning this option.

On July 14 Mr. Knut Frydenlund, the Norwegian foreign minister, flew to Washington to explain his government's interest in a Nordic nuclear-free zone. He met with little understanding and admitted on his return to Oslo that Mr. Alexander Haig, the U.S. Secretary of State, had deployed some tough counter arguments. Mr. Frydenlund has subsequently visited London on a similar mission.

At a recent meeting in Bonn of Socialist leaders, both Dr. Gro Harlem Brundtland, the Norwegian prime minister, and Mr. Anker Jorgensen, the Danish prime minister, reiterated their

intention to explore the chances of establishing a Nordic nuclear-free zone in spite of American opposition to the idea and strong reservations from the West German and British governments.

Both prime ministers stressed that the creation of such a zone could be envisaged only as part of a wider European agreement on arms limitation and could be undertaken only after full consultation with their NATO allies. Nevertheless, Mr. Jorgensen was promptly hauled over the coals by Danish opposition leaders, who criticised the brusque manner in which he had dismissed Mr. Haig's objections to the idea. The opposition insisted that the prime minister appear before the country's Foreign Policy Council to clarify his position.

In Norway, Dr. Brundtland faces a general election in September in which she could be turned out of office. The non-socialist parties currently have a lead in the opinion polls.

The nuclear-free zone could become a central issue in the Norwegian election campaign. Mr. Frydenlund has suggested that, if properly handled, it could be an electoral asset for the Labour Party. But Dr. Brundtland would have to strike the right balance between encouraging the disarmament lobby within her party and not going soft on Norway's commitment to NATO.

In a recent poll taken for Arbeiderbladet, the Labour Party newspaper, 69 per cent of those questioned favoured the creation of nuclear-free zones in the Nordic area and Europe.

Washington's opposition to the promotion of a Nordic nuclear-free zone centres on the difficulties it believes would arise for the talks with the Russians on theatre nuclear weapons in Europe which are due to start in November. By going it alone on the issue, Norway and Denmark would be splitting the NATO front in the American view.

The idea of a Nordic nuclear-free zone is not new. It was first mooted by the Russians in the 1950s, notably by Mr. Nikita

Khrushchev, but the real proponent of the idea was Finland's President Urho Kekkonen, who tabled a definite plan in 1963.

In 1978, President Kekkonen relaunched the zone proposal during the speech in Stockholm. He then specifically linked it with the advent of Cruise missiles bearing nuclear warheads, of the type which Nato now plans to deploy in Europe. The proposal evoked scepticism among the other Nordic countries until recently. Sweden, for example, responded with the view that to have any meaning, a zone would have to include parts of the Soviet Union in which nuclear weapons are stationed, such as the Kola Peninsula. Moscow ridiculed the suggestion.

The fading Norwegian and Danish opposition to the zone idea can be traced to NATO's decision in December, 1979 to go ahead with

the modernisation of its theatre nuclear weapons in Europe. Neither Scandinavian country was called on to receive the new Cruise and Pershing missiles but sizeable groups in both Labour parties argued fiercely against the nuclear escalation which they represented.

In Norway, the same group campaigned strongly against the government's decision to stock on its territory heavy military equipment for the U.S. marine brigade which would reinforce Norway in an emergency.

The Soviet Union claims that these stores would include guns capable of firing nuclear warheads. Its arguments have not been without effect on Norwegian disarmament supporters.

The Russians' latest success in influencing Nordic opinion came from an interview given by President Leonid Brezhnev to Suomen

Sosialidemokraatti, the Finnish Socialist Party newspaper, last month.

He indicated that in addition to guaranteeing not to use nuclear weapons against the members of a Nordic nuclear-free zone, the Soviet Union could also discuss "certain other measures concerning our own territory in the area bordering on the zone."

Mr. Brezhnev and other Soviet officials elaborated slightly on this vague statement during the recent visits to Moscow by Mr. Willy Brandt, chairman of the West German Social Democrat Party, and Mr. Einar Foerde, the Norwegian education minister and deputy chairman of the Labour Party.

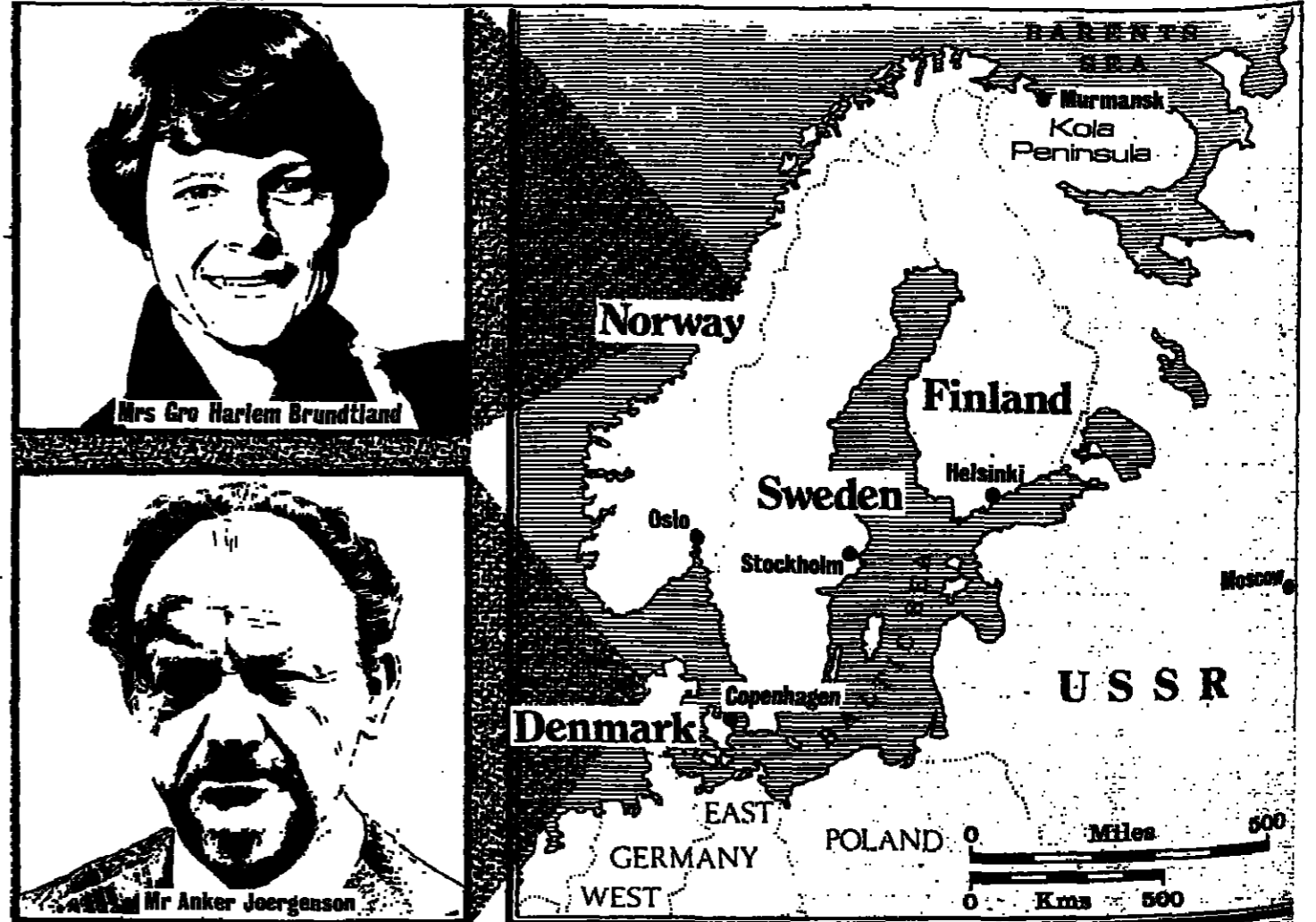
Mr. Brandt was sufficiently impressed to suggest that the Norwegians and Danes should follow up a hint from Moscow that it might be prepared to enter talks

about a zone, which could affect the deployment of nuclear weapons on Soviet territory.

After this month's meeting of Socialist leaders in Bonn, Dr. Brundtland and Mr. Jorgensen appear to have taken some of the heat out of the zone issue. The Norwegian Government gave its assurance that it would take its action on the zone before the September election.

As Dr. Brundtland said earlier however, the revived domestic interest in a nuclear-free zone will not disappear after the Norwegian election. Both the Norwegians and Danes argue that the best course now would be for the Reagan administration to respond to the desire of its European allies that it show some seriousness about getting down to talks with the Soviet Union on European arms limitation.

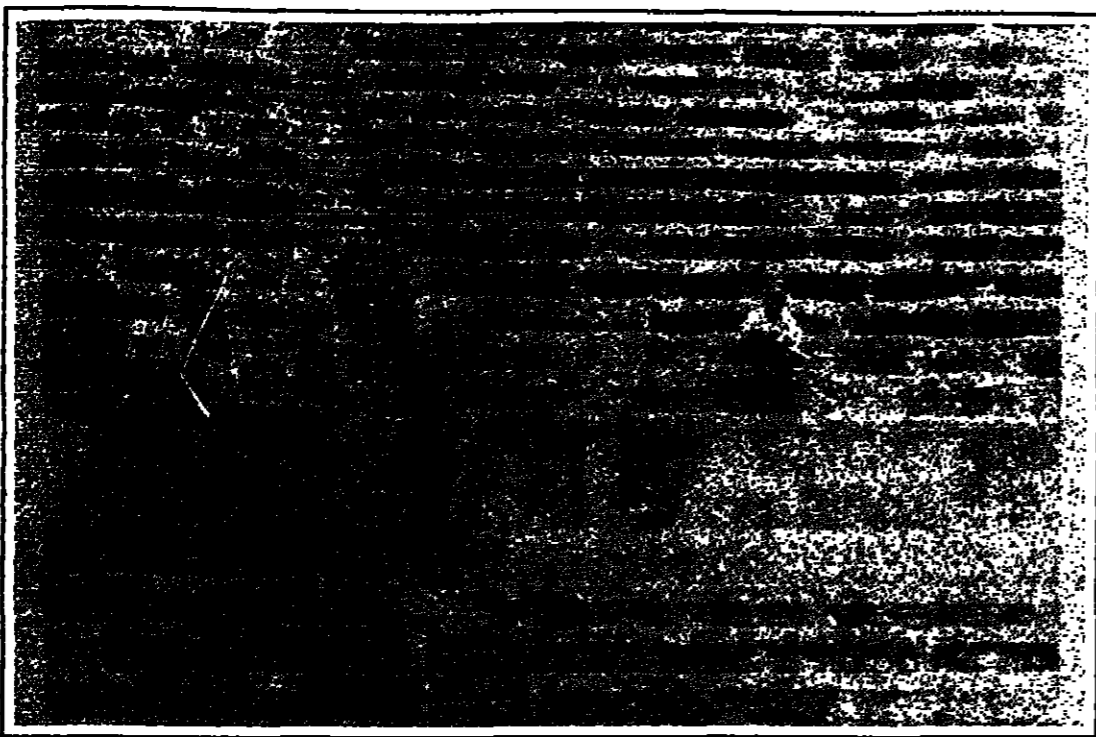
Financial Times News Feature



# Jordan's city life through a shutter

By Meg Abu Hamdan  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Aug. 5 — Whether or not photography is an art — and there appears to be some dispute over this, from Cartier-Bresson onwards — a good photograph must have something to say. It is as Berenice Abbott declared years ago: "I have yet to see a photograph which is not a good document". One might think before that when illustrating a scene like "Inside the Cities of Jordan" — the title of the photographic competition organised by the Holiday Inn and the Salbhashian Trading Company — that the work of making a statement, to a greater extent, already had been done. But as shown by the play of entries now on exhibition at the Holiday Inn, this is hardly the case. The juxtaposition of the winning entries with the also-rans makes it quickly obvious that it is not enough to go to downtown Amman and snap a few scenes. The photographer must think fully about what downtown Amman is all about, what typifies urban centres of Irbid and Aqaba. Then he must also have the ability to spot that moment when it inevitably comes: to click the shutter on that hundredth of a second that brings to a cohesive whole the image that is the essence of Jordanian city life — on a street that tells the viewer, not what the microscopic part of the city looks like, but what the life is like on the edge of the city of Jordan. It is an easy task: yet out of the many mediocre standards of most entries, one or two of the contestants have managed it.



Second prize: John Bonar

The one who did it best, by unanimous vote of the judges, was the winner of the competition, Bill Lyons. His is a brave attempt that succeeded in originality, in composition, in colour and in content, not to mention its technical attributes. It has to be Jordan, with those yellow-painted iron shutters opening to reveal the typical Jordanian shop — a dark windowless interior and bamlike entrance. It has to be Jordan, with that stacked pile of *falafel* on the edge of the pan and by the incongruity of the ancient method of cooking and the barely glimpsed black and white hatta seen with the huge American refrigerator.

This shutter-framed, motionless patch of life occurs in the bottom right-hand corner of the photograph; yet the eye, led by the contrast of the shadows searches deep into the gloomy interior, eventually coming to rest on the sunbaking *falafel* which tones with the brilliant colour of the shutters.

It is Mr. Lyons' original translation of the theme that won him the first prize (a generous cache of Minolta equipment from Salbhashian) and also fifth place. His second image might have been placed higher but for certain technical considerations — it is slightly out of focus.

But again, Mr. Lyons has caught an essentially Jordanian vision — a cheeky boy selling paper windmills in the street, with colours set against the deep metallic blue of a passing truck not only bearing the Jordanian number plate but advertising a well-known brand of tissues found in every Amman home: The combination of the vertical human form with the horizontal stripes of the truck is bound together by the diagonals of the spray of fluttering toys.

Each entrant was allowed to submit five photographs, and if these had been judged as groups instead of in anonymous individuality, then John Bonar might not have taken second place. His photographs mostly use the idea

of framing a view by taking the scene from inside a building — such as the keyhole view of a group of palm trees, presumably at Azraq — and have little if any relevance to the theme. The observer knows that his winning shot is of the Roman Amphitheatre in Amman. But it would never suggest city life to anyone who did not know that the whole throbbing, bustling life of the city circulates around this ancient spot. Such, however, is the attraction of Mr. Bonar's picture that this can be overlooked or argued around; and its obvious merits of capturing the horizontal beauty of the old mottled stones — given depth, perspective and life by the solitary seated figure — can be appreciated.

Marie Claire Paganon is also guilty, in part, of not portraying the theme in all her entries — for example the excellent shot of the traditionally dressed women selling their fruits and vegetables by the roadside, which unfortunately gives no hint of any location except a rural one. (The same, incidentally, applies to Miss Hattar's remarkable picture of the young bedouin woman and her children). However, Mrs. Paganon's three other entries were more than relevant; and the juice seller won third prize.

Mrs. Paganon has done what, as a photographer, she should do —

she has drawn our attention to an integral part of Jordanian city life that we take for granted and has made it vital, even important. The foreground is filled with grapefruit, a precarious pyramid of apples and a hanging bunch of bananas, so clear that you feel you could pick one — and all reflect the dazzling midday sun.

It is a photograph full of interest, and the eye is drawn in through a gap to settle on the softly unfocused face of the juice seller himself. Equally good is the shot, almost black and white, because of the subjects' clothes, of the scribes who are found sitting at trestle tables outside every government office in Jabal Amman. Mrs. Paganon has caught them so well, immersed in the throes of their work, that you can almost hear them shouting and arguing above the roar of the traffic.

A soft, well-lit portrait of a young girlard seller by Maureen Jameson took fourth prize, mainly as it did have some relevance to the theme and certain technical merits. This shot was not the best submitted by Mrs. Jameson — the original subject and composition of the hanging sheepskins, for example, was far superior; but like her other shots it had to be dismissed as it did not in any way suggest "Inside the Cities of Jordan."

Someone who did try very hard in all his entries to get something of Amman was sixth prize winner Larry Zavodney. His night shot, with all the twinkling many hued lights rising up and over the amphitheatre, may be a little conventional. It is, however, technically very good, and nicely composed — the latter quality being what his daytime shots lack. These have no centre of attention. The eye wanders interminably over the square monochromatic stacked houses, over the mass of downtown crowds and traffic, looking for a point of interest — not finding that, it wanders onto the next photograph.

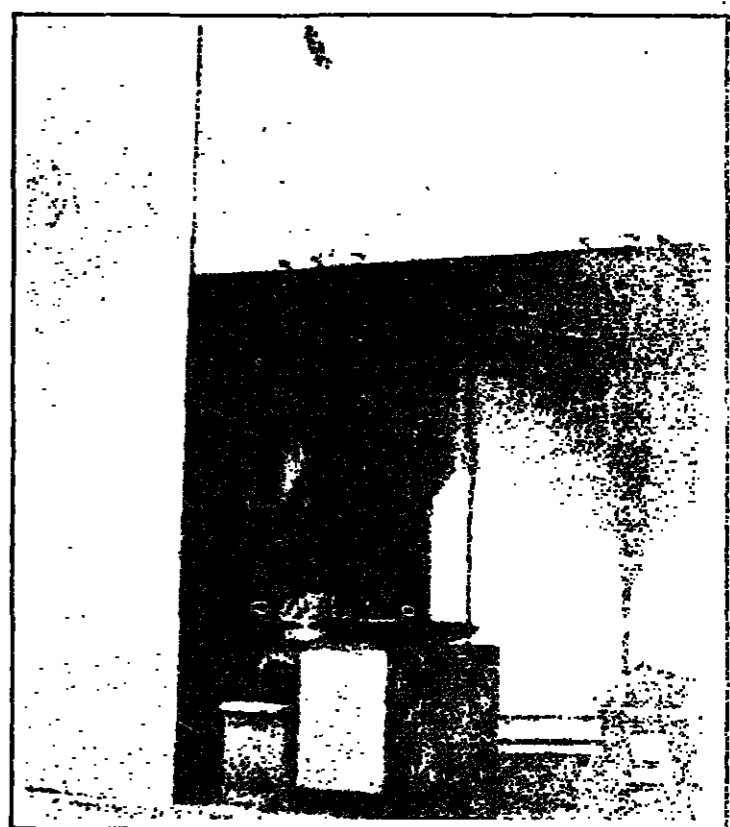
This is exactly the problem with what would have been a good idea for a really relevant subject — newspaper kiosks — by Mohammad Police. The centre of the photograph is empty; people are moving in all directions obscuring the kiosk, and thus the subject.

Mohammad Abdullah has tried, in some of his entries, to combine the old with the new — as with the old Arab, dressed in his soiled robes, crossing the road, the

incongruity compounded by the dashing white car passing behind him; and as with the peeling wooden shack, many of which can still be seen downtown among the shops and buses. Unfortunately neither of these images make the grade, due to lack of colour contrast in the former, and no context to give some force to the latter; but Mr. Abdullah should not be disheartened, because his ideas were original, and should be worked on further.

It will be noted that the competition (to which there were only 18 entrants) was dominated, and won, by foreign entries — which raises the question, why? We know there are many good Arab and Jordanian photographers in the country; so why didn't they participate? Whatever the reason, it isn't good enough. These competitions and exhibitions help raise the level of interest, awareness and standards in photography here in Jordan — and neglect and indifference cannot be tolerated with regard to such a worthwhile cause.

Competition entries are on show in the Amman Holiday Inn only until Aug. 6.



First prize: Bill Lyons, who also won fifth prize



prize: Larry Zavodney



Third prize: Marie Claire Paganon



Fourth prize: Maureen Jameson

# JORDAN MARKETPLACE

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<div> <p>Visit the <i>Philadelphia Hotel</i> and... <b>HAVE A BLAST</b> The Jockey Lounge (BAR) PEN 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. WE ARE YOUR KIND OF PEOPLE!</p> </div> <div> <p>AMMAN <b>Holiday Inn</b> DAILY BUFFET IN THE COFFEE SHOP BREAKFAST, LUNCH &amp; DINNER BUFFETS SPECIAL LUNCHEON BUFFET IN THE BALLROOM FRIDAYS &amp; SUNDAYS ADULTS JD 4,000 CHILDREN JD 2,500</p> </div>	<div> <p><b>NATIONAL</b> RENT-A-CAR 1981 MODELS AVAILABLE TEL. 39197-8</p> </div> <div> <p><b>Philadelphia</b> Rent-A-Car ALL NEW CARS FULLY INSURED Philadelphia Hotel Tel. 25194</p> </div>	<h3>MISCELLANEOUS</h3> <div> <p>Civil Defence St. Tel. 63890 <b>Scandinavian</b> See the latest in Danish sitting room furniture, wall units and bedrooms at Scandinavian Showroom. We have a large selection of sitting rooms in luxurious Chintz material. Furniture available tax-free to these entities!</p> </div> <div> <p><i>Ghalia</i> For a good look! At Ghalia we have everything to make you look your best... that includes expert hair styling, beauty care treatment &amp; the finest in beauty care products. Shmeisani, near Tower Hotel</p> </div>
<div> <p><b>RESTAURANT</b> <b>TAINAN</b> TOURISMO Opposite Akhlah University Hospital 3rd Circle, J. Amman Tel. 41069 Try our special "Fleming Pot" London during your next visit. Take-away orders welcome. Welcome and thank you.</p> </div> <div> <p><b>RESTAURANT CHINA</b> "The First &amp; Best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan" First Circle, Jabal Amman Near Ahiyyah Girl's School Open Daily 6:30 p.m. - Midnight Tel. 38968 Take Home Service Available</p> </div>	<div> <p><b>ORIENT TRANSPORT</b> FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT, SEAFREIGHT, OVERLAND TRANSPORT, PACKING &amp; HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL CONTACT US FOR A QUOTATION. TEL. AMMAN 64129-9-30 AQABA 2135 TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 926469</p> </div> <div> <p>To advertise in this section phone 6771-2-3</p> </div>	<div> <p><b>NOTICE</b> To all proprietors of printing presses</p> </div> <div> <p>You can have colour separation from all kinds of prototypes done with a computerised system. Results are guaranteed to be accurate and thorough. Reasonable prices—quick delivery. <b>Call the printing press of the Jordan Press Foundation Tel. 67171, Amman.</b></p> </div>

# ECONOMY

Winner takes all

## Du Pont claims victory in Conoco's takeover contest

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 (R) — The Du Pont Chemical Company claimed victory today in its multi-billion-dollar takeover battle for the Conoco Oil Company after Mobil Oil withdrew from a three-way bidding contest.

Du Pont said it had begun paying \$98 a share for some 60 per cent of Conoco's shares in the most expensive takeover in U.S. corporate history. It will cost Du Pont more than \$7.5 billion.

Mobil, which had offered a higher cash price of \$120 for each Conoco share, announced that its Conoco shares would be tendered to the third corporate bidder—Seagram, the Canadian

drinks company. Mobil made its decision after failing to block the Du Pont offer in court.

The outstanding question was what Seagram would do with its Conoco shares. Under terms of the Du Pont offer, Seagram could end up with a substantial number of Du Pont shares.

Seagram was the first of the three big bidders to make an offer for Conoco, the ninth largest U.S. oil company and second largest coal-producer. Conoco opposed that offer and Du Pont joined the bidding.

The first Seagram offer on June 25 was for \$73 a share for a 41 per cent interest in Conoco.

The subsequent Du Pont offer

was for \$87.50 a share but Seagram then sweetened its offer to \$85 a share and over the next weeks the price continued to leapfrog.

Du Pont gained Justice Department clearance of the proposed merger only yesterday after agreeing to pay the Monsanto Chemical Company \$275 million for its share in a joint petrochemical venture with Conoco.

If the merger takes place it will create the seventh largest U.S. company, a powerful conglomerate with interests ranging from uranium mining, coal and oil to petrochemicals, electronics and agriculture.

## Dollar falls back

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — After two record-breaking days the dollar fell back against most major currencies today as the West German central bank sold large amounts of the U.S. currency to brake its rise, dealers said.

They said that investors had also sold dollars to reap profits from the currency's sharp surge since Monday, caused by continuing high U.S. interest rates and confidence in the Reagan administration's tax-cutting economic programme.

Dealers said the West German Bundesbank had been active on foreign exchange markets all morning, selling dollars to bolster the mark against the U.S. currency, which hit a five-year high of 2.5105 marks in Frankfurt yesterday.

In Frankfurt today the Bundesbank sold \$122.35 million as the dollar was fixed lower at 2.5060

marks, bringing the central bank's outlay to defend the mark at the fixing in the past three days to more than \$400 million, dealers said.

In Tokyo the dollar lost more than two yen over the day, closing at 242.90 yen after opening at 245.20 from a close yesterday of 242.10. Dealers said there had been modest central bank intervention to defend the yen.

In Paris the bank of France sold around \$30 million to defend the franc but the dollar was still at its highest level in 23 years against the French currency.

It was fixed at 5.9815 francs, slightly higher than its fixing yesterday of 5.9790 francs, but below the six-franc level which was pierced in trading yesterday.

The Swiss franc, which tumbled below 2.20 to the dollar on Monday, its lowest since November 1977, was quoted at 2.1823 to the dollar today from a close yesterday of 2.2065.

The pound sterling recovered from \$1.7920 at last night's close to trade at \$1.8085, but dealers said its recovery reflected the dollar's retreat rather than an increase of confidence in the British currency.

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	1.8050/60	U.S. dollar
One U.S. dollar	1.2432/35	Canadian dollar
	2.5055/65	West German marks
	2.7790/7820	Dutch guilders
	2.1775/95	Swiss francs
	41.07/10	Belgian francs
	5.9800/50	French francs
	1242.00/1244.00	Italian lire
	240.80/241.00	Japanese yen
	5.3165/75	Swedish crowns
	6.2070/90	Norwegian crowns
	7.8975/9000	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	391.50/392.50	U.S. dollars

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Aug. 5 (R) — The market closed quietly firm with government bonds gaining as much as ¼ point ahead of an expected Bank of England statement outlining an economic package which may include the suspension of the bank's 12 per cent minimum rate, dealers said.

Equities met selective small support and the F.T. index at 1500 was up 4.1 at 532.7. Gold shares were idle as the bullion price held steady.

North American and Canadian issues were mixed to higher in slack trade.

Leading industrials gained between 4p and 7p as in BOC, GEC, Guest Keen and Hawker Siddeley. Vickers was a feature, adding 11p to 168p following news of a battle tank order from Nigeria worth £50 to £60 million.

Banks were firm, with Barclays gaining 6p ahead of half year figures due tomorrow, while Nat West and Lloyds were up 5p and 6p respectively. Insurances were generally 3p or 4p firmer, while in oils BP and Shell were up 2p apiece and Birmah gained 3p to 132p.

Glywedd ended a net 4p higher at 90p following interim results above market expectations.

## Literary appreciation — in more ways than one

By Valerie Molin

LONDON: If you think books are only for reading, you're very wrong. "They are also a safe, long-term investment," says Mr. Jock Smith, head of the books, maps and atlases department at Phillips auction house in London.

What makes books even more attractive as an alternative investment is that they are just about recession proof. "Provided," cautions Mr. Smith, "you only go for the best, and not just in price, but quality as well."

In the past few years books have been booming, and although the recession may temper the rate of increase slightly, the auction houses and dealers are fairly confident that this year books will once again keep pace with, if not outstrip, double-digit inflation.

Interest in collecting books has grown so much that Sotheby's has opened new galleries in London and New York devoted to books as well as other collectibles. Last autumn's auction season was an excellent one for top grade books with several records being set.

No doubt the most exciting event for some time in the book world was the auction of Leonardo da Vinci's last manuscript, Codex Leicester, by Christie's in London on December 12.

Armand Hammer, chairman of Occidental Petroleum, paid a record £2.2 million for the manuscript, described by Christie's as "the most outstanding item" it has ever offered. Obviously, the last manuscript by da Vinci is beyond the grasp of all but a very few investors, yet for around £25,000 investors can build up a very impressive collection.

Getting to know the particular market is also vital, recommends Michael Heseltine, of Sotheby's book department. The book market is very large, with items dating

back many hundreds of years. Furthermore, unlike other collecting fields, such as paintings, books are "multiple objects". While there may be only one of Van Gogh's Sunflowers or Monet's Waterlilies, there are thousands of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales or James Joyce's Ulysses.

The field may be vast, but there are certain items which are considered better investments than others. The key point to remember when investing in books is never to buy a defective book. As a general rule Mr. Smith advises investors to "stay away from books that are soiled or that have pages or illustrations missing."

Clean, complete books are the only ones he recommends buying. Mr. Heseltine agrees, stressing that "condition and rarity" are the most important considerations when buying books.

The dust jacket of a book can also make a big difference to its value. For example, the first edition of Casino Royale One of Ian Fleming's James Bond thrillers, in its dust jacket is worth roughly £420 while the same book without

its dust jacket is valued at around £90.

Subject matter also becomes important when investing in books although for top-quality books Mr. Smith feels "nearly everything is a good investment today."

At the top of his list are early (17th century) natural history, botany and travel books. However, colour plate and illustrated books are also considered excellent investments. One of the most famous colour plate books is Birds of America by Audubon, the 19th century American naturalist and painter. Because of its rarity the book is valued at \$360,000.

One particular subject which is proving immensely popular, no doubt for its timeliness, is economics. A first edition of Adam Smith's The Wealth of Nations, for example, is now worth around £2,900.

Works by Thomas Malthus are also considered goods buys. Prices for such works "could go up and up," predicts Mr. Smith.

Generally, Mr. Heseltine feels that children's books could make good investments. He says: "During the past 10 years these books

have gone up on average ten times.

In its sale of children's books last December, one of Beatrix Potter's books fetched £1,850. While prices for children's books are soaring it is still possible to build up quite a nice collection without spending thousands of pounds. For example a rare, 18th century children's book can be bought for £200-£300. Such books do not come on the market very often so when they do they obviously command strong prices.

A book need not be old to be a good investment. For example, there are several modern books (generally speaking published since 1900).

This is primarily because they are either limited or first editions, with relatively few copies printed. Many of Ernest Hemingway's early books, which he wrote while living in Paris, were originally printed in only small quantities and are quite valuable.

The limited edition of Hemingway's In Our Time, of which 170 copies were printed, is worth \$2,500 and an inscribed copy of the same work last sold for \$4,250. And one of 15 advance presentation copies of For Whom the Bell Tolls which was part of the collection auctioned by Sotheby's in New York in 1978 fetched \$2,750.

Financial Times News Feature

### SECRETARY WANTED

International Contracting and Investment Company has a vacancy for a Female Secretary.

Position requires a full-time employee, at company's head office in Amman.

- Possessing Secondary School certificate (Tawjihi)
- Minimum 3 years experience
- Diploma in Secretarial course
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Salary is commensurate with experience and qualifications.

Application forms are available at Administration Department, Head Office, behind Al Ra'i newspaper building.


### FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Deluxe apartment consisting of three bedrooms, two halls, three bathrooms, modern kitchen, verandas. Centrally heated with garage.

Al Razi Housing Estate, between University of Jordan and Al Bustan Restaurant.

Tel. 24543 from 10 a.m. - 2 p.m.

### Cesare Virgilio arrives in Amman




AMMAN, Aug. 5 — Sheikh Cesare Virgilio, the Regional Director of Sales in the Middle East area of the Italian company San Marco, arrived in Amman yesterday to sign an agreement for the import of 1,000 cranes which the company will supply to fraternal Iraq and to visit the General Equipment Construction Centre since he is the general agent of the company in the area.

## A Holiday Inn PRESENTATION AT THE ROOF Top Night Club

# REGATA ARGENTINA FLOOR SHOW

## LIVE BAND



Tonight at 9:00 pm. until the 1st of Sep. only Res. 63100

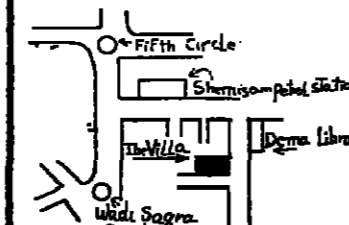
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Deluxe villa in Shmeisani, five minutes walk of Fifth Circle, consisting of three bedrooms, salon, sitting room, two bathroom, spacious kitchen, veranda, wall-to-wall carpeting, wall paper, with garden, telephone, garage and central heating.

For information call: 843004 or 69304 inquiry at the villa

### FOR RENT

Apartment with central heating and telephone, between the Fourth and Fifth Circles, Jabal Amman, opposite the Government Guest House.

Two bedrooms, salon and dining, kitchen with closed veranda, and two bathrooms.

Telephone: Office 77112 8 a.m. - 2 p.m. Home 44028 after 2 p.m.

### FULLY FURNISHED VILLA FOR RENT

Deluxe, new furnished villa with master bedroom, two bedrooms, two large sitting rooms, dining room, three bathrooms, garden, garage, telephone, with electrical equipments. Between Fifth and Sixth Circles, Sweifiya area. For one year.

Phone 811275, 2 - 5 p.m.

### FOR RENT

Three deluxe apartment near Al Bustan Restaurant twenty metre from the west side (behind Jordan Times area). Each consist of three bedrooms, one salon and dining room, two bath rooms, two veranda and separate central heating.

Please contact the owner in the building, or Super Market Mamoun near Al Bustan Restaurant.

### WANTED

A cook/cleaner for cooking European food/cleaning for eight bachelors.

For further information call: 64419, Amman

## Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the advertisement.
2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6
3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times.
4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.
5. For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.
6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10 for 50 words.
7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or check to:

Advertising Department  
The Jordan Times,  
P.O. Box 6710,  
Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box — please print)


Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on \_\_\_\_\_ day (s). Enclosed is payment of \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

### Got something on your mind?

Let the Jordan Times hear about it!

### FOR RENT

A centrally heated, unfurnished apartment consists of two bedrooms, salon, two bathrooms, garage and an independent entrance garden. Annual rent: JD 2,500

Location: Shmeisani, Abed El-Haleem Elnemer St.

House No. 111/93, 5309 100m east of Abu Anzeh Housing Project.

Please call Tel. 65711, 64256

### VACANCY REQUIRED

Highly experienced Commercial Manager/Translator with perfect command in English and Arabic and sound ability in translating contracts and legal articles is seeking employment.

Tel. 64256

مكتبة الامم

### Indies cancel cricket tour of NZ

WELLINGTON, Aug. 5 (R) — West Indies' decision to call off New Zealand's cricket tour of the Caribbean next year was announced today by New Zealand Cricket Council Chairman Bob Vance.

April would have been New Zealand's second to the West Indies. The WICBC have asked Pakistan to undertake the trip instead. Apart from the Springbok rugby tour aspect, the West Indies were also concerned about their players having to fulfil English county commitments in April when the New Zealanders would still have been in the Caribbean.

West Indies Cricket Board control (WICBC) announced today they had withdrawn an intention to tour because of the African Rugby Union's current visit to New Zealand.

Meanwhile anti-apartheid demonstrators clashed with police in Auckland today just 36 hours after Prime Minister Robert Muldoon had talks with protest leaders, police and rugby officials to try to defuse tension over the South African Springboks tour of New Zealand.

### FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, AUG. 6, 1981

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** A time when your creative ideas should be used to advantage. You are able to improve relationships with others so there is a greater amount of accord in the future.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** Get together with congenials and enjoy amusements during spare hours. Put alert to work and get fine results.

**TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Look over your environment and make improvements where needed. Improve your health and accomplish more.

**GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)** A conference with associates will pave the way to more success in the future. Strive for increased happiness.

**MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** The right time to elevate your thinking where money is concerned and when you can command more prosperity.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** Engage in more social activities after business matters are handled properly. Use that smile more. Be wary of outsiders.

**VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** Gain the advice of financial experts so that you can advance more quickly. Draw up a campaign of action.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)** Consult with an influential person who can assist you in your career. Much good can come of this in the future.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)** Become more active in civic affairs and get excellent results. Obtain the guidance you need from higher-ups.

**SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** You should be highly inspired now and can easily gain your fondest aspirations. Arrange for a future trip.

**CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** Use your hunches (there loved one is concerned and you come out a winner. A good time to make plans for the future).

**AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** Meet with associates and make better arrangements for the future. Take health treatments that will perk you up.

**PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Take time to make your emotions more comfortable. Come to a better understanding with co-workers early in the day.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY...** he or she will be one of those persons who can envision the highest results of any undertaking and know its true potential, plus knowing the needs of others. Be sure to equip your progeny with the finest education.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, AUG. 7, 1981

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** It's advisable that you attend to personal tasks despite the obstacles. Don't put yourself in a position in which delays occur. Unexpected benefits come your way later in the day.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** Buckle down to the work that needs to be done and handle it efficiently. Be alert to new opportunity at this time.

**TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Don't expect much from friends who are busy with own affairs right now. Make plans to have more abundance in the future.

**GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)** Show more courtesy and thoughtfulness to higher-ups who are under a heavy train now. Don't neglect any payments.

**MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** Meet new and interesting persons who can help you in career matters. Few situations should be studied with care.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** Knowing what higher-ups expect of you makes the going easier and you stay on the right track. Think constructively.

**VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** Listen to views and complaints of associates and come to a better accord. Sidestep foes who are jealous of you.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)** Avoid a co-worker who is in bed mood right now. Take more time for rest and build up your energies. Be logical.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)** Not a good day to take any risks. You must use tact to gain acceptance of others at this time. Show others you have wisdom.

**SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** Make sure you choose your words well with others or there could be a gross misunderstanding. Be more optimistic.

**CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** Much care should be exercised in motion today to avoid possible accident. Try not to get drawn into arguments with others.

**AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** Exercise extreme care where monetary affairs are concerned or you could find yourself in a financial bind.

**PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Take care of a troublesome situation without delay. Make the effort to improve health and appearance. Be wise.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY...** he or she will know what to do in difficult situations, so direct the education along troubleshooting lines for best results. A compassionate nature in this chart. Give ethical and spiritual training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### Wihdat, Jazeera meet in F.A. Trophy final

AMMAN, Aug. 5 (J.T.) — Wihdat and Jazeera moved to the final of the Football Association Trophy (to be played on Friday evening) after both teams won their semi-final matches yesterday.

Wihdat won by a single goal against Al Ahli scored by Ghassan Jum'a in the second half of extra time. Jazeera's game against Ramtha also went into extra time. Extra time ended at 1-1, and it was eventually decided by penalties. Jazeera won 4-2.

In Wanganui, 100 people staged a silent vigil outside the rugby ground where the Springboks were playing the local team but the match went ahead uninterrupted. The Springboks won 45-9.

Here in Wellington 800 people marched to the offices of air New Zealand, which has been accused of supporting the tour by carrying the tourists, but there were no incidents with marchers obeying marshals and police.

The eyewitnesses in Auckland said that police repulsed a charge on the main doors of one company, a brewery, but that protesters broke into a liquor distribution company, where they smashed bottles and a plate-glass window before being evicted.

## Tennis Talk

### Spinning for winning

By Maureen Stalla

TENNIS players discover early on that by imparting spin to the ball they gain better control. By employing backspin, sidespin, and topspin a player can greatly lessen his margin of error and play percentage tennis.

The backspin or "chop" is hit with an open racquet face (the hitting face slanted up), and stands down under it. The ball then spins under: it floats and cants relatively still after it bounces. Sidespin is rarely used—the racquet slides across the ball from the outside to the inside so that it bounces outward.

Topspin is the reverse of backspin. And topspin is the most important shot to master first.

There are several ways to achieve topspin. The object is to bring the racquet face over the ball making the ball spin over and away from the hitter. This ball will drop and jump forward. Instead of rolling the wrist or turning the forearm, two methods which are hazardous to your joints and tendons, start with the racquet head below the ball, hit well in front, with your side to the net and follow through with the racquet up—wrist up, eye level, and racquet well forward with the butt of the handle pointing to your left shoulder (for a right-handed forehand). Do not think that if you follow through up the ball will go out. The opposite is true. If you don't follow through, the ball will go out because there is no spin.

Many people have strong forehands and only chipped backhands. But, believe me, there is nothing like a backhand topspin shot. It's beautiful, powerful and deadly. A single well hit topspin backhand is greatly enjoyed and long remembered.

I remember a backhand I hit on a Tuesday afternoon at about 2:30 at the Convington Park courts in 1968. My rhythm was so in tune with the ball's speed that I felt like an observer, and my ball was effortless, smooth and sure. One shot like that will keep you in the game for years—just to have another one.

### Jack Nicklaus last chance of winning a title this year

ATLANTA, Aug. 5 (R) — Jack Nicklaus faces a last chance to prevent 1981 becoming one of the least memorable years of his brilliant career when he takes up the challenge of the U.S. PGA golf championship at the Atlanta Athletic Club tomorrow.

Although he has been placed second in three events and is 12th on the money-winners' list with \$151,698, success for the big American is measured by the number of major championships he wins — and this year that column is blank.

At 41, he cannot expect too many more years in which he can reasonably expect to add to his record of 19 major championship wins — five each in the Masters and PGA, four in the U.S. Open, three in the British Open and two in the U.S. Amateur.

Nicklaus won the event last year, along with the U.S. Open, just as he was being written off as a spent force, and he must be considered favourite to win the 63rd PGA. He showed last weekend he is in top form by narrowly failing to win the Canadian Open.

A sixth PGA title would be a record for the event — he already shares the mark at five with Walter Hagen — and would also ensure that he does not go winless for the year, as he did in 1979. These days Nicklaus rarely appears much after the PGA.

Nicklaus's rivals in the 150-man field include Americans Tom Watson, Jerry Pate, Ray Floyd, Ben Crenshaw, Bill Rogers and Bruce Lietzke, and Australian David Graham.

Graham looms as the biggest threat. The 35-year-old Australian, now a Dallas resident, has been in splendid form since taking the U.S. Open in June, finishing consistently near the top. His driving is accurate, he is a confident putter and has an impeccable temperament.

Watson is the main danger according to statistics, which show he is leading money winner with \$341,110. His three victories include the masters.

### Peanuts



### Mutt 'n' Jeff



### Andy Capp



## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN  
©1981 by Chicago Tribune

North-South vulnerable.  
South deals.

**NORTH**  
♠ 1032  
♥ 7  
♦ A98652  
♣ 954

**EAST**  
♠ KJ95  
♥ 10542  
♦ Q107  
♣ 3

**SOUTH**  
♠ AQ6  
♥ AK8  
♦ KJ4  
♣ A832

The bidding:  
South West North East  
1 ♣ Pass 1 ♠ Pass  
3 NT Pass Pass Pass  
Opening lead: Queen of ♣.

hand for a holdup—the last thing he wanted was for the defenders to shift to clubs. There were six top tricks available, and the diamond suit was the obvious source for the three additional tricks. Since there was no entry to the dummy outside of the diamond suit, declarer intended letting one of the defenders win the second diamond trick to insure that he could run the suit even if it divided 3-1.

With this plan in mind, declarer led the king of diamonds and followed with the jack. Without batting an eyelid, West followed smoothly with the ten of diamonds!

Declarer fell back, line and sinker. He reckoned that any defender with both the queen and ten of diamonds would cover the jack to make sure of a diamond trick. Therefore, it was only logical that East held the queen and that the whole suit was coming in. Blinded by the possibility of collecting over-tricks, declarer rose with the ace of diamonds, and the roof fell in.

When East showed out on the second diamond, the diamond suit was dead. Declarer made use of his entry to dummy to take the spade finesse but that was only his seventh trick. He ended up down two.

Had West covered the jack with the queen, declarer would certainly have allowed him to win the trick to assure his contract. Thus, West is to be congratulated for his great defensive effort. We feel, though, that South was rather short-sighted to risk his vulnerable game for an over-trick or two.

## JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

VAYEH  
HEAVY  
GYKAW  
NAZATS  
RECLEY

WHAT ONE MIGHT GET FROM A CHASE.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: ○○○○○○

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: ADULT SHOWY EROTIC HAUNCH  
Answer: What they found in this bank—GOLD CASH

## THE BETTER HALF

By Vinson

"Yes, it's from the Ming dynasty. No, it isn't from the planet Mongo."

## THE Daily Crossword

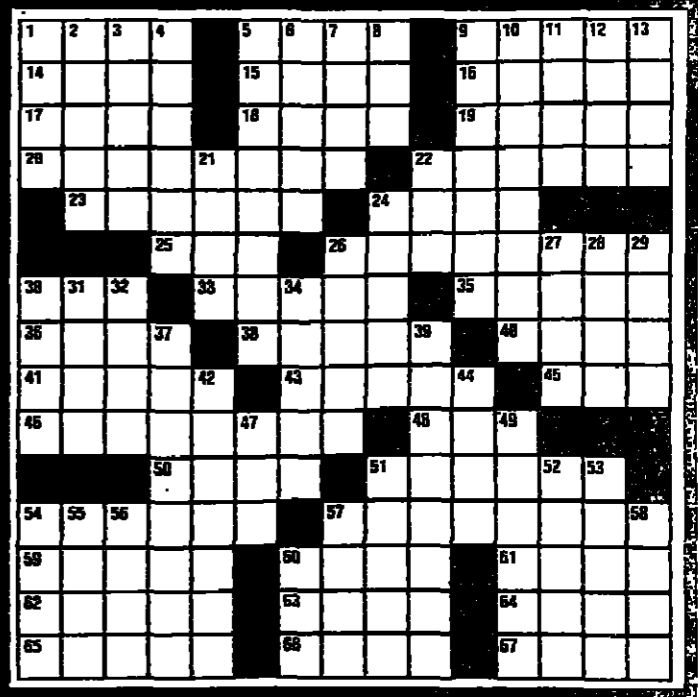
ACROSS 1 He loves: Lat. 25 Troubled 59 Religious leader 60 Rise on the wind 61 Treaty letters 62 Like an old woman 63 Ashen 64 Exploited 65 Money-grubber 66 Fried 67 Weird

25 Greek letter 30 Hebrew letter 33 Additional 35 Antagonist 36 Middle nation 38 More than willing 40 The — to you! 41 Without 43 Consumer advocate 45 Missile 48 See 18A 48 Acov, e.g. 50 O'Hara home 51 Even —

54 Difficulties 57 Irascible 58 Religious leader 60 Rise on the wind 61 Treaty letters 62 Like an old woman 63 Ashen 64 Exploited 65 Money-grubber 66 Fried 67 Weird

22 Tough gently 24 Meditated 26 Biblical verb 27 Gather 28 Madams 29 Colored 30 Puccini heroine 31 Emerald Isle 32 Novelist Thomas 34 Mark or Chad 37 Worth repeating 38 Saved from decay 42 More flaky 44 Old dance 47 Hesitations 48 Madison or Lexington 51 Stratified rock 52 Do away with 53 Crystalline salt 54 Mine vehicle 55 Hindu queen 56 Wading bird 57 Urge 58 Buffalo 60 Baden-Baden

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:  
WEST BALISA ADAR  
ALITA ONIION REND  
MATICONTENT PART  
SINGOP WEITHIE DOG  
WITS CEDAR  
FRAIL ABBASTION  
REE CANTO PINCE  
ARIS TALON ASES  
BEGITE HANDED REAT  
WITHEPINS ROOMM  
SPICY ANN  
PHI CUSAR NITRO  
LODE CORONATION  
OBEY LACTIO EMMA  
WIGIE ETHRIG DEAN



# Poles stage big strike, lift blockade

**WARSAW, Aug. 5 (R)** — The Solidarity free trade union shut down all but essential services during a two-hour general strike in Warsaw today and then lifted a blockade of the city centre with a mass parade and cheers of victory.

More than 20,000 people turned out to see the giant convoy of lorries, buses and trams leave two central streets which they had blocked for 50 hours as sirens signalled the end of the strike by the million-strong Warsaw Solidarity branch.

Solidarity mounted the blockade when police refused to let the convoy drive past the nearby headquarters of the ruling Communist Party during protests on Monday against food shortages and alleged government inaction.

The vehicles moved off today without passing the party building but the drivers and their supporters waved victory signs as they proceeded slowly up Marszałkowska Street.

Many people jumped on board for free rides. "We are going to resume talks with the government tomorrow and if nothing comes of it we might

be back," Solidarity deputy leader Andrzej Gwiazda said. The government-union talks on a wide range of issues, including cuts in meat rations, food shortages and worker self-management, were suspended on Monday shortly after the vehicle blockade began.

Today's strike was the biggest labour protest in Poland since a four-hour general strike last March and underlined the fragility of government-union relations despite last month's Communist Party congress which confirmed Solidarity's role.

Workers also struck in the city of Skierniewice and went on a strike alert in Sieradz. In Bialystok, close to the Soviet frontier, taxis and buses paraded past the town hall.

Food and pharmaceutical plants were excluded from the Warsaw strike but city transport, which

had been badly disrupted since Monday, was cut for three hours. Warsaw Solidarity leaders issued a statement explaining that they were striking for real change and that they realised their action by itself would not produce more food.

"What we are fighting for is economic reform combined with genuine self-management," Solidarity's chief spokesman Janusz Onyszkiewicz said.

Mr. Onyszkiewicz was speaking through a loud hailer to the crowd around the convoy before it moved off. His voice was drowned out briefly by loud music, apparently broadcast by the authorities.

The drivers responded by setting off an even louder cacophony of sirens and horns and the music stopped.

### French aid

France will deliver large quantities of grain, beef and sugar to Poland as rapidly as possible to help it meet a food shortage, French Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy announced today.

Mr. Mauroy told reporters after a cabinet meeting chaired by pres-

ident Francois Mitterrand that France would send 300,000 tonnes of grain, 7,000 tonnes of beef and 15,000 tonnes of sugar on credit.

Preparations were under way to open an air bridge between Paris and Warsaw, he said. Trains and trucks would also be used to make the deliveries.

Mr. Mauroy added that France would urgently approach its Western allies to agree on a loan of \$500 million to Poland.

Today's decisions were taken after a meeting yesterday between Mr. Mauroy and Polish ambassador Eugeniusz Kulaga who asked France for food aid.

French president spokesman Pierre Berégovoy said the deliveries were being made without conditions.

Mr. Mauroy said France had decided to send the food to Poland on 100 per cent credit to speed up deliveries.

### U.S. concludes grain agreement

**VIENNA, Aug. 5 (R)** — The United States and the Soviet Union today agreed to extend their current grain sales agreement for another year, binding Moscow to buy at least six million tonnes of American wheat.

William Brock, U.S. special trade representative, told reporters here that the pact's conditions were exactly the same as those of a five-year agreement due to expire on Sept. 30.

## Tax aid for U.S. expatriates from 1982

**WASHINGTON** — Substantial tax relief for Americans abroad was assured as the House and Senate approved omnibus tax reduction bills containing tax cuts beginning in 1982 for Americans living overseas.

The House measure included language originally proposed by Rep. W.R. Archer, Republican of Texas, and Rep. J.J. Pickle, Democrat of Texas, that would provide a \$75,000 income exclusion for Americans living abroad at least 11 of 12 months. The exclusion would rise by \$5,000 a year until it reaches \$95,000 in 1986.

In addition, housing costs above a base housing amount — figured as 16 per cent of the base salary paid an employee at Grade 14, step one, of the federal pay scale (about \$38,000), would also be exempt from tax.

The Senate bill contains a provision devised by Sen. John H. Chafee, Republican of Rhode Island, that would allow Americans abroad to exempt the first \$50,000 of earned income plus 50 per cent of the next \$50,000 (a maximum exclusion of \$75,000 for those earning \$100,000 or more) from U.S. tax. Both houses acted Wednesday night.

The residency requirements and the housing deduction in the Senate bill are identical to those adopted by the House. In addition, both bills make foreign income taxes paid on the excluded amount ineligible for credit against U.S. income taxes.

Both bills would apply to income earned in 1982 and thereafter.

It is estimated that the Senate provision would eliminate the U.S. tax liability of over 75 per cent of Americans abroad while the House version would cover about 90 per cent of U.S. citizens working overseas.

### Final Language

The differences in the House and Senate provisions will have to be resolved by a congressional conference made up of members of House and Senate tax-writing committees, with many observers expecting the final language to more nearly resemble the House-passed overseas tax cut provision.

Once a compromise is worked out, it must be passed by both houses before going to the president for his expected signature. However, it was seen as possible Thursday that the Senate could

## 2 junta men join revolt

### Bolivian leader resigns

**LA PAZ, Aug. 5 (R)** — Bolivia's president resigned last night after two members of the country's ruling military junta joined a general revolt against his turbulent year-old administration.

President Luis Garcia Meza announced his resignation on television, describing the two generals who led the uprising against him as "power-hungry adventures who were political and professional failures."

Gen. Garcia Meza, who seized power in a military coup last July, became the victim of the 190th military takeover in Bolivia since it gained independence 156 years ago. He had survived three previous attempts to oust him.

His removal looked almost certain yesterday afternoon when army officers threw themselves behind the uprising in the eastern province of Santa Cruz. Then army units around the country were reported to be joining the revolt, led by former president Alberto Natusch Busch and Gen. Lucio Anez Rivero.

He finally decided to step down when air force commander Waldo Bernal and navy commander Vice-Admiral Oscar Zamora, both members of the three-man military junta, pledged their support for the rebels, military sources said.

The third member of the junta, army commander Gen. Celso Torrel, did not say whether he was for or against the revolt.

Gen. Garcia Meza, who declared in his farewell speech

that Bolivia was in danger of grave collapse and in dire need of a strong leader, also went to the airport after handing over power to the junta. Airport sources said his destination was not immediately known.

The general ousted the caretaker government of Mrs. Lidia Gueiler last year and forced most of his opponents to leave the country. But he came under fire from fellow officers who accused him of turning a blind eye to the alleged involvement of some military colleagues in Bolivia's booming cocaine trade.

The leaders of the latest revolt were both veterans of Bolivian coup attempts. After the June attempt to topple him, Gen. Garcia Meza said he would step down on Aug. 6. But he changed his mind, saying the Bolivian people had demanded he stay in power.

At first, the rebels said they would end the revolt if he kept his promise. But they later announced they would not accept anything less than his immediate resignation.

Gen. Anez said in a statement from Santa Cruz after the resignation announcement that the leaders of the revolt had demanded that the junta report all military commanders who were dismissed for their part in previous efforts to topple Gen. Garcia Meza.

He also demanded the disbanding of all para-military groups which operated in Bolivia under the outgoing president.

## WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

### 2 UNIFIL soldiers killed in accident

**UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 5 (R)** — Two Senegalese soldiers of UNIFIL, the U.N. force in southern Lebanon, were killed and 24 other Senegalese were injured when their vehicle rolled into a ravine, a United Nations spokesman said yesterday. The accident, near the village of Marakeh, brought the total number of U.N. soldiers killed in the area to 68. Of these, 13 were from the Senegalese contingent. The U.N. spokesman said the incident occurred on July 28. Why it was disclosed only yesterday was not explained.

### Drug ring cracked in papal attacker's jail

**ROME, Aug. 5 (A.P.)** — Italian police yesterday broke up a full-scale drug ring operating in the jail holding the would-be assassin of Pope John Paul II, prison officials said. Two suspected dealers were placed in solitary confinement, the officials added. In raids in Rome's Rebibbia prison, police unearthed heroin, cocaine and marijuana used by inmates, as well as syringes, weighing scales and other drug-related equipment. Prisoners apparently used watches and neck-chains to pay pushers. Turkish terrorist Mehmet Ali Agca is serving a life sentence for shooting Pope and two American tourists in St. Peter's square on May 13.

### Bangladesh urged to hold open trial

**LONDON, Aug. 5 (A.P.)** — The London-based human rights group Amnesty International urged Bangladesh yesterday to hold an open trial for the military men accused of murdering President Ziaur Rahman and attempting to seize power. The group said military men were now being tried "on camera" before a general court martial, even though the country's military manual states such a tribunal is "not suited to peacetime executive remote stations." A statement from the group called on Bangladesh's acting president Justice Sattar, who took over and helped crush the revolt, to transfer the trial to open court and grant the defendants immediate access to lawyers of their choice. Zia, 45, was slain in the Indian ocean seaport of Chittagong by troops allegedly under the command of Maj. Gen. Abdul Maman, who government spokesman later said was captured and killed.

### Ukrainian boy fights for U.S. residence

**CHICAGO, Aug. 5 (R)** — Ukrainian schoolboy Walter Polach, who ran away from home last year when his parents wanted to return to the Soviet Union, has applied for permanent residency in the United States, his lawyer has said. Walter, 13, was granted political asylum last year and embroiled in an international tug-of-war when he was placed in state custody. The Soviet Union charged that he was being held hostage. Attorney Julius Kulas said yesterday that Walter and his sister Natalie, 18, yesterday filed applications for permanent residency and hoped eventually to become U.S. citizens.

## 4 Asian diplomats fight for U.N. General Assembly's presidency

**UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 5 (R)** — With the next regular session of the United Nations General Assembly — the 36th — only a few weeks away, four Asian diplomats are battling for the honour of presiding over the three-month proceedings.

The four are Khwaja Mohammed Kaiser of Bangladesh, Ismat Kittani of Iraq, T.T.B. Koh of Singapore, and Abdul-Halim Khaddam of Syria.

Mr. Khaddam is his country's deputy prime minister and foreign minister, Mr. Kaiser and Mr. Koh are U.N. delegates, and Mr. Kittani is a senior adviser to the Iraqi foreign minister who has served both as a delegate and an official at the U.N.

The assembly presidency, considered the most prestigious of all U.N. offices, is passed around among the regional groups. The current president is from Western Europe: Ruediger von Wechmar of West Germany.

Before him, Salim Ahmed Salim of Tanzania was Africa's nominee, and now it is Asia's turn.

The regional groups try to form a consensus behind a single choice, but such an accord has eluded the Asian group so far.

There have been contests before although seldom if ever with so many candidates as there now are for the presidency.

Last year, Jaime de Pinies, the chief delegate of

Spain, ran against Mr. von Wechmar. Mr. de Pinies, a popular and skilful diplomat, withdrew shortly before the assembly began, permitting the West German's unopposed election.

Reports at the time suggested that only high-level intervention by the West German government persuaded Madrid to direct its envoy to drop out. Spain was later elected to a two-year term on the Security Council and this was widely regarded as a consolation prize.

Diplomats said there was no clear favourite among the present contenders, although Mr. Kaiser was given a slight edge.

Mr. Koh is already president of the U.N. Conference on the Law of the Sea, which reopened yesterday in Geneva.

Mr. Kittani, a popular former executive assistant to Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, is said to have a wide following, but then the fact that Iraq is in a state of war with both Israel and Iran could harm his chances, diplomats said.

Mr. Khaddam is perhaps the least well known of the candidates in U.N. diplomatic circles, but his high office is not an obstacle to election. Several foreign ministers have been elected in the past.

The session opens on Sept. 15, and by then the field may have been narrowed, even to a single nominee. If not, the candidate receiving the largest vote will be elected by secret ballot.

## U.S. navy to lead defence buildup

**WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (A.P.)** — The navy and Marine Corps are the key to U.S. survival against Soviet threats anywhere in the world during the decade, Navy Secretary John Lehman says.

"The survival of America could well depend on the capability resident in the Marine air-ground task forces and the navy team that takes them to the distant quarters of the earth where America's interests lie," Mr. Lehman said.

The navy secretary contended that "the kind of ground force presence which we have in Europe

and Korea will not work" in the Arabian Gulf-Southwest Asia area, Africa or the Caribbean.

"The U.S. simply does not have sizable forces in place, nor supplies prepositioned," he said. "Neither does it possess the host-nation support agreements, nor the binding alliances that we have in Europe and elsewhere."

Thus, he argued that the problems of "access and distance compels the U.S. to rely principally on sea power, supplemented by amphibious assault."

Encouraged by the Reagan

administration's demonstrated willingness to build up the fleet, the navy has recommended a huge expansion in its five-year ship-building programme.

As forwarded to Defence Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger, the navy programme calls for building 143 new ships over the next five years — an increase of 63 vessels over the Carter administration's plan.

The objective is to build up the U.S. fleet to 600 ships from the present level of about 455 by 1988.

Included in the navy plan are two additional nuclear-powered aircraft carriers, each of which is estimated to cost about \$3.7 billion.

Also on the navy shopping list are 17 cruisers armed with the sophisticated Aegis missile defence weapons system, 14 nuclear attack submarines, six destroyers, nine guided-missile frigates, nine amphibious ships and a variety of mine-warfare, supply, and "maritime prepositioning" ships, which would be moored in forward positions and loaded with combat gear for marine units.

Since the ambitious navy ship-building plan looms as one of the most costly elements of the defence budget, it is considered a possible target for cutbacks and stretch-outs if the Reagan administration finds late this year that its economic growth expectations are unrealistic and, therefore, must turn to defence for spending cutbacks.

The commentary also hit out directly at Lord Carrington's arguments for excluding the Kabul government from any settlement talks.

Immediately after hearing the Western peace plan from Lord Carrington, Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko described it as unrealistic and unacceptable, but declined to say whether Moscow ruled out any further discussion on it.

Pravda said the new U.S. administration of President Reagan wanted to fan the unrest in Afghanistan as part of an overall strategy aimed at "destabilising the entire region from southern Asia to the Persian Gulf."

For that reason Washington had already spent \$100 million this year on training anti-government Afghan guerrillas at its bases in Pakistan, the newspaper said.

## Pravda prints rejection of EEC's Afghan plan

**MOSCOW, Aug. 5 (R)** — The Soviet Union today spelled out its objections to a European Common Market initiative on Afghanistan and said it formed no basis for the withdrawal of its troops from the country.

The Communist Party daily Pravda published a commentary which was the first detailed Soviet reply to the West European proposals since they were put forward by British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington during a visit to Moscow last month.

Western diplomats said the article, which followed several attacks on the proposals in the Soviet media in the past four weeks, amounted to a final and outright rejection.

The commentary said Moscow could not accept the EEC's call for an international conference on the Afghan issue without the presence of the Soviet-backed government in Kabul.

Written by Alexei Petrov, a pen-name signifying an article carries the highest authority, the commentary said Soviet troops could be withdrawn from Afghanistan only on the basis of proposals put forward by Kabul in May last year.

These would involve the present Afghan leaders as equal partners in any international settlement talks, thus effectively gaining formal recognition for the government, which was set up when Soviet forces intervened in

Dec. 1979.

The Common Market plan, aimed at securing an early withdrawal of the estimated 85,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan, proposed a two-stage conference which would not include any Afghans in its first phase.

Pravda said it was unrealistic to discuss the country's problems without officials from Kabul and complained that the plan also gave no guarantees they would be "representatives of the Afghan people" at the second stage of the conference.

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Pravda's chief medical officer, said "usually after this kind of operation a patient can go home in 10 days."

He said the Pope could have a nearly normal work schedule at the papal summer palace at Castel Gandolfo in the Alban Hills south of Rome after his release but it would take one to two months to complete his convalescence.

"I think after two months he will have recovered fully," Dr. Tresalti said.

Asked if the Pope could take foreign trips again after that period, Dr. Tresalti said "perhaps."

## THE Weekend Crossword

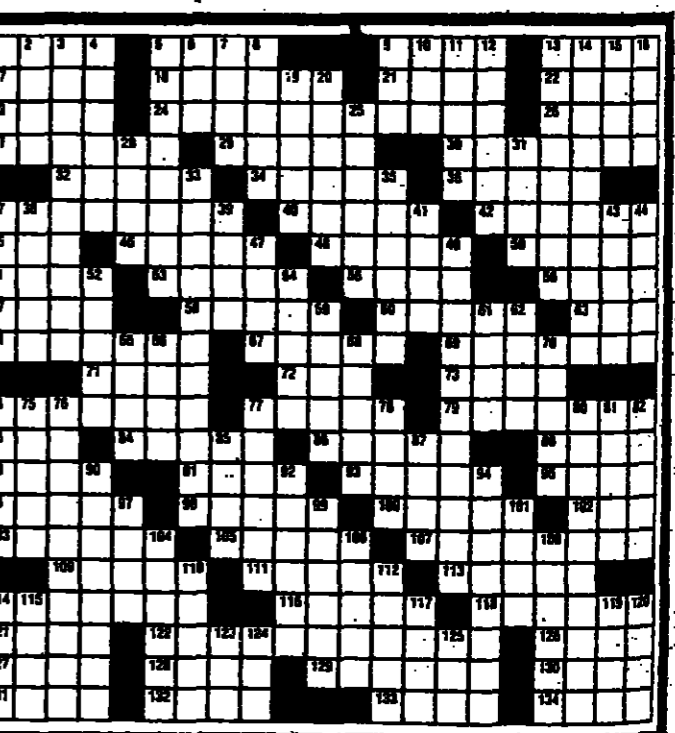
ATTACHMENTS  
By Richard Silvestri

### ACROSS

- 1 Blockade
- 5 Cheryl or Alan
- 6 Give up as territory
- 13 Use scissors
- 17 — is Not
- 21 Begin land
- 21 Benefits of burden
- 22 Arabian judge
- 23 Antifoxes
- 24 Storm
- 25 Pantheon
- 26 Public disaster
- 27 Theatrical
- 28 "Beau —"
- 30 In the end
- 32 Dams
- 34 Walk heavily
- 37 Free
- 40 Feed for animals

### DOWN

- 1 Army
- 2 Singular
- 3 Sings
- 4 Navy engineer
- 5 Walkered
- 6 Ant material
- 7 Apothecary purchase
- 8 Harriet at all
- 9 Male even
- 10 Outer part
- 11 Glazed pottery
- 12 Compl.
- 13 Prepare eggs
- 14 Vanity case
- 15 Object of worship
- 16 Composition
- 18 Detroit lemon
- 20 Athletic event
- 25 Foot a store



### Last Week's Cryptograms

1. In medieval medicine, phlogis made one phlegmatic, the spleen, splenic, and magic potions, loving.
2. Who would be ready for a millennium if one did begin in nineteen eighty-one?
3. Ball call they need for reaching Noah's ark: the aardvark hops all first; the man lazily brings up the rear.
4. Max is ager wanders who's minding the store.

### CRYPTOGRAMS

1. BETTOR STOPVI CEV KIKCYR UNTVPA C  
EKU, TAV SPBMU CBEVV. —By Bob Dew
2. LUIGY NAT LIRGY NQWA UVCYQVY WEER LEI  
SOYA-NSEERUVY LOSS NSEGGERG. —By Lois H. Jones
3. TIKNITD EPUAL TIED UPDL Q ODINPDC QP  
LKUZAL LDDT GZOO. —By E.L. Livingston
4. JLGKY JLYK ETUKB LWN ETZTJZ JTUK YWA  
BENKA. —By Earl Franklin

### Diagrams

18 X 18, by H.E. Bennett

### ACROSS

- 1 Relative of the herring
- 5 Old Irish open form
- 10 Part of a cube
- 14 "Tempest" agent
- 18 Missed the behavior of
- 19 Assurance
- 21 First Hebrew letter var.

### DOWN

- 1 Movie actress
- 2 Sings
- 3 Owl's "The — Love"
- 4 Put a crust on
- 5 Apple-like fruit
- 6 Elev. unit
- 7 Appropriate units
- 8 Full of holes
- 9 Father
- 11 Spoken

